

# THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIV, No. 18

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1923.

\$2.00 YEARLY

## I. O. D. E. MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the Crows' Nest Chapter of the I. O. D. E. will be held in the parlor of the Greenhill Hotel, on Tuesday, next, May the 8th, at 7.30 p.m. Members are requested to be present.

## MOTHERS' DAY, MAY 13TH

Sunday, May 13th, will be observed as Mothers' Day at the Union Church, when services befitting the occasion will be held.

The town council will meet in regular session on Monday night next.

## BLAIRMORE GOLF CLUB

The Blairmore golf course has now been put into shape for the season and extensive alterations made to the course. The annual tournament promoted by the Crows' Nest Golf Association will this year be held on the course of the Blairmore Club at the beginning of September and a large entry from Cranbrook to Lethbridge is expected. It is expected that water and light will be at once installed in the Club House and the committee is considering other improvements with a view to making the tournament a success and also with a view to providing the members with first class accommodation.

At the annual general meeting of the club the following officers were elected for the season:  
Honorary President—Mr. J. Chabonier.  
President—Mr. G. A. Visane.  
Vice-President—Mr. J. H. Farmer.  
Captain—Mr. D. G. Mackenzie.  
Executive—Messrs. H. Burns, E. Whitelie and J. B. Wilson.  
Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. A. J. Kelly.

The Ladies' Section of the Club, had a very enthusiastic general meeting, and various trophies and prizes have been donated by members for competition. The ladies elected the following officers:

Captain—Mrs. J. H. Farmer.  
Vice-Captain—Mrs. W. Bird.  
Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. Smith.

The dues have been fixed at \$10.00 for gentlemen and \$5.00 for ladies and it is hoped that all intending to join will at once hand in their names to Mr. A. J. Kelly or Mrs. J. R. Smith or any other officers.

Next Monday will be observed throughout Alberta as Arbor Day.

## PICCARIELLO AND MRS. LASSANDRO ARE HANGED

Execution for the murder of Constable Steve O. Lawson, A. P. P. officer, at Coleman on the evening of September the 21st last, was paid on the gallows at Fort Saskatchewan on Wednesday morning by Emilio Piccarriello and Mrs. Florence Lassandro, both of Blairmore.

The case has proven one of the most sensational in the history of Western Canada. Tried before the Supreme Court of Alberta, the pair were pronounced guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged on February the 21st, five months after the slaying of the police officer.

Through Solicitor McKinley Cameron, appeal was made to higher courts, but despite all appeals for leniency and reprieve, it was decided that the law should take its course.

Both prisoners went to the gallows perfectly mental and in good physical condition. The last words of Piccarriello were "You are hanging an innocent man—God help me," as he protested the black mask being adjusted. The last words of the woman were "Why do you hang me when I didn't do anything?"

Piccarriello came to Blairmore about eight years ago, when he started peddling ice cream. Later he coupled the buying and selling of bottles as a sideline and still later followed whiskey running and bootlegging as a vocation. In a few years he amassed a fortune said to be worth about a quarter of a million dollars. He was charged several times with breach of the Alberta Liquor Act and was convicted several times, but on no occasion paid more than the minimum penalty provided by the Act. He bought the old Alberta hotel here, which is still a part of his estate. He leaves a wife and large family, most of whom are in tender years. Mrs. Lassandro is survived by her husband, residing here.

## INTERPROVINCIAL HIGHWAY OPENED TO MOTORISTS

With the assistance of the provincial government the road leading into British Columbia around the shores of Crows' Nest Lake, which has been blocked with snow since the middle of December, was opened up last week and the first batch of autoing tourists navigated through on Sunday last.

The roads west of Crows' Nest Lake are reported to be in excellent condition, while on this side of the line they are somewhat in need of grading as far east as Lundbreck.

## COMPETITIONS IN MINE RESCUE AND FIRST AID, JULY 2-3

The annual competitions in mine rescue and first aid are this year to be held in Blairmore on July 2nd and 3rd, under the auspices of The Workmen's Compensation Board of Alberta, the Rocky Mountain Branch of the Canadian Institute of Mining & Metallurgy and the Western Canada Coal Operators' Association.

The programme will be somewhat similar to that of 1922, held here, and that held at Banff last year. Coupled with the competitions will be a two-day programme of sports, for which substantial prizes will be offered.

Preliminary announcements are already out, asking that entries be made with James Crowder, district inspector of mines, Blairmore, not later than June the 30th.

Large posters announcing more definitely the programme will be out in the course of a few weeks.

The business man who reads abroad for any product which can be obtained from or through his fellow business man is doing his own business and the country an injury. Really, he's not worthy the name of a business man.

## Compound Interest

Suppose a boy of 13 determines to save six dollars a week. At three per cent compound interest he will have on his twenty-fourth birthday \$2,037 of which \$165 will be interest.

The longer your savings account grows the larger it grows and the faster it grows. Is compound interest helping to make you independent?

Double your Savings "It CAN be Done."



## UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes  
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes  
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.

J. B. Wilson, Manager  
S. J. Loney, Manager

OUR policy is to build up a sound product, sell at a low margin of profit and tell the truth about it. Goods returnable and money cheerfully refunded if you are dissatisfied.

## P. BURNS & CO. LTD.

Blairmore Bellevue Hillcrest Coleman  
Phone 46 12A 61A 53

## LIQUOR PLEBISCITE ON NOVEMBER THE 5TH

It has been decided by the Alberta cabinet that the plebiscite on the liquor questions prepared by the Legislature—just before prorogation, will be held on Monday, November 5. This was considered by the cabinet as the best time for the holding of the plebiscite, place season's operations on the farm will be practically over, and the vote will be close enough to the next session of the legislature to give fairly quick effect to any change in legislation necessitated by the result of the vote. The following is the form of ballot and questions to be voted upon, as finally passed by the legislature, some changes being made in the questions as first submitted by the special committee. The transferable vote will be used in voting on the four questions:

(A) PROHIBITION—Meaning thereby a continuation and development of the present legislation; that is, the abolition of the sale of all liquors other than for medicinal, sacramental, manufacturing and scientific purposes.

(B) LICENSED SALE OF BEER—Meaning thereby the sale of beer in Licensed Hotels and other premises as provided in the proposed Temperance Act.

(C) GOVERNMENT SALE OF BEER—Meaning thereby the sale of Beer by or through Government Vendors for consumption in private residences under Government control and regulation.

(D) GOVERNMENT SALE OF ALL LIQUORS—Meaning thereby the sale of all liquors by or through Government Vendors—Beer to be consumed on Licensed Premises and in private residences—wine and spirits.

to be purchased in limited quantities under permit issued by the Government, under Government control and regulation.

## HOME BAKERY AND LUNCH PARLOR OPENS

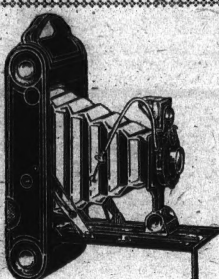
The store in the Sargent block, next door to that of the Crows' Nest Flour & Feed Co., has been acquired by F. Roberge, who will open up a home bakery and lunch parlor, carrying everything in the line of home baking, and catering especially to picnic and dance lunches.

The new store will open on Saturday.

## SERGEANT SCOTT PROMOTED

We understand that some changes have been made in the police division of this district. Until recently the district from Medicine Hat to Crows' Nest formed one division, under Inspector Bevan, of Lethbridge. Now that district is divided, Inspector Bevan's territory concluding at Macleod, while a new district known as the Crows' Nest Division has been formed, taking in the territory from Macleod to Crows' Nest. It is said that Sergt. Scott has been promoted to Inspector in charge of this new division, and that a Sergt. Duncan is to succeed him.

Statements contained in yesterday's Lethbridge Herald to the effect that Piccarriello owned the Blairmore hotel and that the Lassandro woman was almost continually in his company are incorrect. Piccarriello had no interest in the Blairmore hotel and was rarely if ever seen travelling in the company of the Lassandro woman.



## Eastman Kodaks

Film Rolls, Packs, Etc.

## BLAIRMORE PHARMACY

G. N. Elwin, Phm.B., Optician  
Blairmore, Alberta

## GARDEN TOOLS

Buy your garden goods here. We have a large stock of Lawn and Page Fencing on hand, and our prices are very low. Also Garden Tools of all kinds, including Wheelbarrows, Lawn Hose, Etc.

In our Furniture Department the following are new arrivals: SEAGRASS CHAIRS AND TABLES, BABY BUGGIES, SULKIES AND STROLLERS, JAPANESE PORCH RUGS.

## Blairmore Hardware Co.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

## IT PAYS YOU TO DEAL HERE

3 for 25c.

WEEK END BARGAINS  
P. & G. White Naptha Soap  
White Wonder Soap  
P. & G. Gold Soap  
Fairy Soap

3 for 25c.

Table Syrup, 1 1/2 lb tin 20; 5 lb tin 50c  
Mackintosh's Strawberry Jam, tin 90c  
Wagstaffe's Black Currant Jam, \$1.10  
Graham Wafers, per 6 1/2 lb box ... \$1.20  
Lemon Cakes, per 6 1/2 lb box ... \$1.20  
Canned Tomatoes, 2 tins for ... 35c  
Fresh Eggs, per dozen ... 25c  
Creamery Butter, per lb ... 45c

Rhubarb, lb 10c Grape Fruit, ea. 15c  
Blood Oranges, per dozen 50c and 60c  
Blue Goose Oranges, from ... 40c up  
Crawberries, Bananas, Celery, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Green Onions, Cauliflower, Etc., Etc.  
Spanish Onions, 3 lbs for ... 25c  
Australian Onions, per lb ... 10c

May 5th to 12th is GOLD SEAL CONGOLEUM WEEK—A seven-day Sale of Canada's most popular Floor Coverings. Here are the reduced prices for ONE WEEK ONLY—

6 x 9 ... \$8.55  
7 1/2 x 9 ... \$10.65  
9 x 9 ... \$12.75  
9 x 10 1/2 ... \$14.85  
9 x 12 ... \$16.95  
Buy your rug now.

Gold Seal CONGOLEUM ART-RUGS

New Patterns

Sanitary -- Waterproof

OUR GREENHILL HARDWARE DEPT.

## SPECIALS THIS WEEK

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS, MEN'S PANTS AND BOYS' BLOOMERS, ONE-QUARTER OFF-REGULAR PRICE FOR CASH.

20 CENTS OFF THE DOLLAR FOR CASH. DISCOUNT ON ALL LEATHER SHOES.

## F. M. THOMPSON CO.

PHONES: Main Store 25; Greenhill Store 28.

Blairmore.



## This Week's Special

Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses and Hats

—To Clear at Big Reduction—Call this Week End—

## Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods



**DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS**

FOR  
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,  
CONSTIPATION,  
INDIGESTION,  
KIDNEY & LIVER  
BOWELS

**HIDDEN GOLD**

— BY —  
WILDER-AUTHOR

Continued

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"What? What? Why are you and I here?"

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"Stand up, you low-lived brat!"

With an oath, Walter whirled around to find himself staring into the face of a woman who was looking at him with a look of intense interest.

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**CANADIAN MADE**

**MAGIC BAKING POWDER**

GUARANTEED TO BE THE PUREST AND BEST BAKING POWDER POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE. BECAUSE OF THE PURITY AND HIGH QUALITY OF THE INGREDIENTS OF MAGIC BAKING POWDER ITS LEAVENING QUALITIES ARE PERFECT AND IT IS THEREFORE ECONOMICAL.

EW. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED  
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL

**MAGIC BAKING POWDER**

Guaranteed to be the purest and best baking powder possible to produce. Because of the purity and high quality of the ingredients of Magic Baking Powder its leavening qualities are perfect and it is therefore economical.

EW. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED  
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL

## Trees a Thousand Years Old

Great New Trees of England Survive

From Remote Ages

How many people realize the great age of the stately trees scattered up and down the land in the British Isles? Ask Thomas Taylor, F.R.S., many a sturdy British tree now standing safe shelter from sun or rain to Anglo-Saxon wayfarers before the Norman Conquest, he continues. There is ample reason for his having been planned to extensively visit the churches and cathedrals of the country.

The giant tree at Aldwark, in Berkshire, is over 1,000 years old, and still flourishing. No one knows how many centuries have elapsed since it was planted. It has grown enough to be a landmark in the country. It was planted just the same in 1768, when a Berkshire Quaker. The Bucklebury tree, also in Berkshire, by an old man, is of just the same age.

The English tree at Aldwark, near Oxford—its age is not known, but it is the oldest tree in England.

It is interesting to realize, when you are in the country, that your forefathers must have cut branches from it with which to make their bows.

There is a gap of centuries between the birth of Britain's oldest trees and the birth of the oldest oak and elm. But an oak in Great Britain has been found, when cut down and the annual growth rings counted, to be 500 years old, and elms live a century less.

## Reading Far Speed

Twenty Thousand Words an Hour is the Average Speed

Most persons, in reading printed matter, glance only at the top half of the letters before them on the page. The result of this, however, is made good by covering first, the bottom and then the top half of a line of letters. When the bottom half is covered the average reader has little difficulty in following the sense. When the top half is covered, however, he finds himself immediately at a loss. The speed at which a person can read and take in the sense of what he is reading varies enormously in individuals.

The ordinary reader can get through about 20,000 words in an hour. Fast readers can easily double this speed. A major cause was that of a famous man of learning who could read and remember more than fifty words a second. He is said to have read six novels a day.

## Shift Production in Canada

Income Tax of Smaller Salts in Saskatchewan

In 1921 Canada produced 2,475 tons of salt, valued at \$24,000, and 1,225 tons of glacial salts, valued at \$2,275 according to government figures. There are a number of salt deposits in Canada, but the Saskatchewan salt at the present time are only in the initial stages of development, but it is anticipated that the next few years will see a considerable increase in production.

Western Horses Shipped to East

A revival of the horse business with Eastern Canada is reported from several sources. New Ontario has bought horses from Northern Alberta. Calgary reports a shipment to Toronto. It is said that Newfoundland is looking to the west to meet its needs, as Eastern Canada has stopped growing horses in excess of its own requirements.

They All Struggle

Regiment. "I called upon, to have some of the other struggles of your distinguished one."

Old Lady. "He had no struggles that I can remember, except that he made a good deal of fuss about having his hair washed."

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## Claims Greatest Business Woman

Japan claims the world's greatest business woman in Mrs. Yone Suzuki, a widow said to be worth \$150,000,000.

She owns fields of steamships, factories all over the Far East and has offices in America, Great Britain and on the continent of Europe.

Many a sturdy British tree now standing safe shelter from sun or rain to Anglo-Saxon wayfarers before the Norman Conquest, he continues. There is ample reason for his having been planned to extensively visit the churches and cathedrals of the country.

The giant tree at Aldwark, in Berkshire, is over 1,000 years old, and still flourishing. No one knows how many centuries have elapsed since it was planted. It has grown enough to be a landmark in the country. It was planted just the same in 1768, when a Berkshire Quaker. The Bucklebury tree, also in Berkshire, by an old man, is of just the same age.

The English tree at Aldwark, near Oxford—its age is not known, but it is the oldest tree in England.

It is interesting to realize, when you are in the country, that your forefathers must have cut branches from it with which to make their bows.

There is a gap of centuries between the birth of Britain's oldest trees and the birth of the oldest oak and elm. But an oak in Great Britain has been found, when cut down and the annual growth rings counted, to be 500 years old, and elms live a century less.

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## New Microscope Perfected

Will Observe Matter that is Invisible to the Naked Eye

A microscopical apparatus, constructed by finely adjusted screws, whose work is to delineate living human cells, which are actually invisible to the naked eye, has been perfected by Prof. C. E. Thomsen, of the Department of Zoology, of Stockholm University, according to an announcement made at the university.

"For years scientists have been making repeated attempts to look through the barriers surrounding the invisible phenomena which make up the human body, on the theory that once the complete body cell is perfectly understood, the control of the greater machine will be vastly expedited," says the announcement, which adds: "The new invention accomplishes this."



**Quicura**

**Keeps Your Skin Fresh And Clear**

The Soap cleanses and purifies the pores, the Ointment soothes and heals any irritation, redness or roughness.

Treatment: On retiring smear the affected surface with the Ointment on end of finger. Wash off in five minutes with Quicura Soap and hot water. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Quicura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Size 25c, Quicura 15c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: 1001-1003, 14th St., P.O. Box 1, W. R. B. Co.

Quicura Soap shaves without soap.

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Prince Nicholas, 19, second son of the King of Roumania, has been engaged to a midshipman in the British navy.

A young woman, in her early twenties, sat as presiding judge at a trial of the Moscow district court and sentenced seven men to death.

British chemists are producing insulin in considerable quantities. This commodity is being sold at 25, 50 (approximately 60 cents) per dose.

Two thousand naples and 1,000 ash trees have been sent to the Canadian War Memorial Park, Poperinghe, Belgium, from the Indian Head Experimental Farm.

Drunk tanks in Southern Saskatchewan will close during the "moon hour" for the summer months. The precaution is taken to forestall hold-ups from staging raids when half the staff is absent.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has received an invitation to send a delegation of business men to Japan in the fall to see if some plan can be worked out for a building up of trade between the two countries.

It is reported that the Duke of York may be appointed Governor-General of one of the Dominions. Although not definitely settled, it is thought that he will represent His Majesty in South Africa.

The Secretary of War, the Earl of Derby, states that death sentences during the war were carried out in 261 cases. Sentences of death, he states, were pronounced in 2,450 cases which were not carried out.

An airplane, without a pilot but carrying 10 passengers, was successfully flown by wireless at Etampes, France. The plane was guided and landed without assistance from the passengers.

The period of operation of the Canadian Wheat Board Act of 1927, has been extended by one year until the fifteenth of July, 1929. The act expires on August 15 of this year. The act provides for the appointment of a wheat board on the request of two or more provinces.

Fire which broke out in Thorpe Hall, Thorpe-le-Soken, Essex, the 300-year-old residence of Baron Bury of Vinay, Governor-General of Canada, destroyed two rooms in the handsome old building.

MRS. SARAH WILSHAW



**HAVE YOU A DAUGHTER? IF YOU HAVE, THIS ARTICLE WILL INTEREST YOU!**

Hamilton, Ont.—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best medicine I have ever known for the building up of girls and women who are feeble in health. It has been taken by different members of my family with great success. My daughters have been wonderfully helped during motherhood by taking Favorite Prescription; it is the best medicine for expectant mothers can take for health and strength. And after having the influenza my granddaughter was left in a very bad way and nothing in the way of medicine gave her any help until she started on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and she is as well as ever.

My daughter, Mrs. Sarah Wilshaw, 400 Common St., E., goes to your neighborhood drug store at once and obtains this Prescription at 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeport, Ont., for trial package.

W. N. O. 1470

**A Gigantic Parade**

Rain Day Celebration at Fresno, California, Proves Big Attraction.

A gigantic parade eight miles long inaugurated the fifteenth annual Rain Day Celebration at Fresno, Cal., April 25. Nearly every community, civic and military organization in the rain district was represented in the parade. The unusual floats cost over \$40,000. Many handsome trophies were awarded for the best floats and marching delegations.

One division of this monstrous parade was the 1923 rain pageant: "From the Garden of Eden to the Garden of the Sun." It was said last year that not even the great parades of the New Orleans Mardi Gras, or the Pasadena Tournament of Roses, surpassed the grandeur of Rain Day pageantry. The parade this year was even greater in size and beauty.

The Queen of Rain Day this year was Miss Marie Girard, a California beauty from Delano, Kern County, a new rain district.

## WHEN YOUR THROAT IS SORE

It may be only a slight cold now—but a tickling in the throat.

But little colds soon grow large and dangerous. Often they become chronic develop catarrh and end in consumption.

Catarrh is the remedy. It draws inflammation, a cold, a sore throat, a cough, cuts out the phlegm, makes breathing easy, kills any germs lodged in the mucous lining of the throat or lungs.

By using CATARRHOLINE INHALANT you breathe medicinal substances free from germs, and thereby prevent coughs and colds. Get the Dollar outfit. It lasts two months; small size, 50c; sold by druggists. Refuse a substitute for Catarrholine. Buy mail from The Catarrholine Co., Montreal.

**Water Weakens Rope**

The tensile strength of a wet rope is only one-third that of the same rope when dry, and a rope saturated with grease or soap is weaker still.

**An Ounce of Merit—Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil** is a valuable medicinal substance thrown together and published by advertising, but the result of the careful investigation of the healing qualities of certain oils as applied to the human body. It is a rare combination of the best of the world's oils, favor from the first. A trial of it will carry conviction to any who doubt its power to repel and heal.

## Seed Control Act

Will Extend Compulsory Grading to All Kinds of Grass and Clover Seed

The Seed Control Act, administered by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, is undergoing amendment at the present session of Parliament. The amending bill, after receiving the approval of the Agricultural Committee, has had its second reading in the House of Commons. The original act provides for the compulsory grading only of timothy, alsike, red clover and alfalfa. The grades of these seeds recognized are: "Extra No. 1," "No. 1," "No. 2," "No. 3," and "Rejected." The amended act will extend compulsory grading to all kinds of grass and clover seed, flax, sorghum, millet, wheat, oats, barley, rye, corn, buckwheat, sunflower, field pea, field beans and vetches. Provision is made for including seeds of other kinds of farm crops. The bill also provides for the optional grading for commerce of field roots and garden vegetable seeds. Farmers selling seed on their own premises will not be required to grade seed grain. Grass seed and clover seed, however, sold from the farm must have been officially tested and graded on the basis of a control sample.

## Across Canada in 23 Minutes

Record Made by Amateurs in Relay-Ing Radio Message

A radio message was relayed across the continent by Canadian amateurs on three consecutive nights of amateur tests, according to a telegram received at the headquarters of the American Radio Relay League.

The best record was the relaying of a message from the station operated by O. Ball, Montreal, to the station operated by W. F. Resves, Duncan, Vancouver Island, and return, in 23 minutes.

**Child Workers in China**

Thousands of children down to the age of eight or nine are employed in the cotton mills of Shanghai, China. Little girls stand between double rows of whirling unguarded machinery, steadily but wearily feeding the machines.

Minard's Liniment for Failing Out of Hair

## Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blood and curtail your energy. If your liver and bowels don't work properly take CARTER'S LIVER PILLS today and your trouble will be cured. For indigestion, lack of appetite, headache and bloated skin nothing can equal them. Purely vegetable. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

## Household Hints

Valuable Recipes For the Busy Housewife

**Raisin Cake**

First take one cup of butter, All golden, pure and sweet, Then two cups of white sugar, And grate a lemon rind.

Three eggs, all lightly fanning; Of good, sweet milk one cup. Put in a little soda.

To lightly raise it up: Then two teaspoons-cream tartar, And grate a lemon rind.

'Twill give a pleasant flavor, I'm sure that you will find. Then add one cup of raisins, And just four cups of flour, And set it in the oven.

And bake it just an hour, I know 'twill please your husband, When he shall taste the cake.

Three teaspoons baking powder may be used in place of the soda and cream tartar. Always four or plump the raisins and be sure to use Sun-Maid.

**Almond and Raisin Bread**

1/2 cup brown sugar, 2 cups Graham flour, 1/2 teaspoon baking soda, 1/2 cup milk.

1 tablespoon melted butter, 1/2 cup hot water, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1 cup bleached and chopped almonds, 1 cup flour, 1 teaspoon salt, 1/2 cup molasses, 1 cup chopped Sun-Maid seeded raisins.

Pour water over sugar, add molasses and milk. Mix flour sifted with baking powder, salt and soda, and add Graham flour, mix together and stir them into the milk mixture. Add butter, raisins and almonds and mix well. Turn into a well greased pan and bake in a moderate oven for one and one-half hours. Sufficient for one medium-sized loaf.

## IS THERE A BABY IN YOUR HOME?

In there a baby or young children in your home? If there is you should not be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. Childhood ailments come quickly and unless always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach; banish colic and indigestion; break up colds and single fevers; soothe and relieve all the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Mollie Cadotte, Manitowish, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best remedy in the world for little ones. My baby suffered severely from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon set her right and now she is in perfect health." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**Meteors By Millions**

It has been calculated that not less than 20,000,000 meteors, each large enough to be visible as a "shooting star," enter our atmosphere daily.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of "Mother Gray's" Worm Expeller, because they know from experience how useful it is.

It was the custom of the congregation to repeat the 23rd Psalm in concert, and Mrs. Armstrong's habit was to keep about a dozen worms ahead of the service.

"Who," he inquired, "was the lady who was already by the still waters while the rest of us were lying down in green pastures?"



Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

## To Improve Poultry

Rules and Regulations of Manitoba Approved Flocks

To effect improvement in farm poultry in Manitoba, to assist in standardizing the poultry flocks and to develop a high class line of heavy laying stock, the Poultry Division of the Dominion Livestock Branch has established the Manitoba Approved Flocks. The rules and regulations are given in a pamphlet published by the branch and prepared by Mr. A. C. McCulloch, Poultry Promoter for Manitoba. If the rules and regulations are faithfully adhered to, the branch agrees, first, to select a breeding pen of the highest producing females previous to the hatching season; second, to select from the flock, or flocks, to procure elsewhere, suitable and sufficient male birds to mate on the approved females; third, to make sale for, if possible, any surplus of desirable breeding stock, hatching eggs, or day-old chicks; fourth, to call the flock, during the summer or autumn months, of its low and unprofitable producers; fifth, to provide gratis all forms on which reports are to be made; and sixth, to render any other possible assistance to insure profitable production from the flock. Besides furnishing all the necessary details of the system, this pamphlet, with illustrations, deals with the inferiority of mongrel stock, the importance of specialization in varieties, increasing egg production, early hatching and the requirement of the Record of Performance system for poultry.

## CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly it lifts it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents. Rub it to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

## Innovation Pleases Dealers

Fishermen in Alberta Are Grading Product for Market

For the first time in the history of the western provinces, and possibly in that of the continent fish have been graded in three sizes, and packed for the market so that the dealer obtains the difficulty of choosing fish of a certain weight for his customer.

The McInnis Fish Company, the largest operators in Alberta, were the pioneers in introducing the new system, and last winter on the Buffalo Lake fish was marketed.

From Chicago and other points in the United States word has been received that the Albertan innovation has been greatly appreciated by the fish dealers, and that it is a considerable convenience to all purchasers.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, extreme peevishness, often convulsions. Under these conditions one of the best remedies that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered and they pass away in the evacuations. The little sufferer will be immediately eased and a return of the attack will not be likely.

The longest ski-jump in the world is in Oberhof, Thuringia. It is 60 miles in length and the course is laid out on an old road winding through the hills of the Thuringia forest.

In Cornwall there is a tradition that King Arthur still lives in the form of a raven, and that one day he will be changed back to a man again, and all England will ring once more with his fame.

It is stated that nearly 4,000,000 trees a year are needed to keep up the telegraph and telephone wires of the Dominion. Here's a chance for radio to save the forests.

True philosophy is the quality that makes a stout woman cheer cheerfully for another piece of cake.—Stratford Beacon.

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

**SMOKE**

in 1/2 lb tins and 15¢ pkts.

**OLD CHUM**

The Tobacco of Quality

## Duke Received Wedding Gift From Wanamaker

Massive Silver Vase Beautifully Decorated With Hand Work

Colonel William E. Wood, as the representative of Rodman Wanamaker, of New York, was received by the Duke of York at Buckingham Palace. The Duke had merely been asked to receive Colonel Wood and he was not aware that his mission was to hand over a wedding gift from Mr. Wanamaker. It consisted of a massive silver vase, 35 inches high, designed on classic lines. The upper portion of the vase is decorated with hand-chased festoons of oak leaves and hand-carved lions' heads support the handles. The bottom of the vase is beautifully cut Aqueduct leaves, the whole standing on four modelled claw feet.

## New Building Material

Tile for Interior Work Made from Castor Beans

By a recently discovered method the residue of castor oil beans can now be converted into serviceable tiles and bricks for interior building. Hitherto hundreds of thousands of acres of residue, being of 25 value as food stuff for cattle, had been thrown away or used as fertilizer. By a process of compression the waste is now made up into tiles which are both light and tough, and have the added advantage of being warm to walk on. This quality of warmth gives it pronounced superiority over stone tiling and the cost is scarcely greater than that of stone or mineral composition tiles. In appearance the new building material resembles polished stone.

## HOW'S THIS?

HAL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Bacteria. We do not recommend it for any other disease.

HAL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous membrane of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

That seeds are carried from land to land on the feet of migrating birds is a fact well established. Darwin, the great naturalist, has left it on record that in six and three-quarter ounces of soil taken from the feet of migrating birds he raised, under glass, no fewer than 637 plants.

Peasants, take note! The total trade of the Dominion for the eleven months of the current fiscal year shows an increase of \$216,000,000 above the figure for the corresponding period last year.

FOR over a quarter of a century, "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup has maintained its unchallenged position in Canadian homes, as the best table syrup.

It is good to you and good for you.

**CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP**

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED

## A Noble Memorial

British Raid at Zebruggue One of the Most Brilliant Deeds of Naval History

The foundation stone of what will be a noble memorial to the famous British raid staged at Zebruggue in war time, was laid by the Governor of West Flanders in the presence of a distinguished Anglo-Belgian company, including Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, Lord Burcham, Lord Emmott, the British Ambassador, Sir George Grahame, and the Belgian Minister of Public Works.

The memorial, which will stand near the short end of the Mole, will take the form of a granite column, 70 feet high, surmounted by a figure of St. George slaying the dragon. It will be visible far out at sea and will be inscribed on the side facing the sea with the words "St. George for England," and also "United for Justice." Likewise on the monument will appear the names of the British who fell in the action and also the names of the participating warships.

The Governor, when performing the ceremony, described the landing of the British in the face of the German fire as one of the most brilliant deeds of naval history.

## Unfit to Live—Must Die

This verdict is rendered a thousand times every week—no corn can live, it must pass out, drop off. If Putnam's Extractor is applied to corns and warts. Use the old reliable "Putnam's," it never fails, 25c at all dealers.

## Tar Sand For Briquettes

Experiments by the Research Department of the University of Alberta have resulted in finding a definite use for the McMurray tar sands as a binder for coal briquettes. A series of experiments have been under way at the University for some time under the direction of Prof. Edgar Stanfield, and have reached the point where the finished product can be shown as evidence of the success of the process.—Edmonton Bulletin.

**PAIN**

Minard's penetrates to the root of the trouble and gives quick relief. Splendid for sore muscles, rheumatism, neuralgia. A good thing—trub it.

**MINARD'S LINIMENT**

**MINARD'S LINIMENT**

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains



## 1923 AUTOMOBILES

Chevrolet and Studebaker Cars are greatly improved this year.

### SEE THE NEW MODELS

in our showrooms or phone for demonstration.

—Easy Terms Arranged—

## The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars  
BLAIRMORE Phone 105

## Modernize Your Home

No home is complete without a modern and fully equipped bath room. We can install a complete hot water system, bath, etc., on the shortest notice. Estimates carefully prepared. See us at once.

## Knapman Plumbing & Heating Co.

Blairmore

P. O. Box 262

Res. Phone 195

OFFICE PHONE 157

RESIDENCE PHONE 154

## E. J. POZZI

Contractor & Builder

### Best-Stocked Lumber Yard in The District

DEALER IN

Rough and Dressed Lumber  
Sash and Doors. Shingles and Lath  
Cement and Brick Construction  
All Building Materials Supplied.

Plans Furnished.

Estimates Submitted

Office and Lumber Yard, Victoria Street,

BLAIRMORE

ALBERTA

G. K. SIRETT

PHILIP SHARPE

## SPRING CLEANING

### PAPERING, PAINTING AND KALSOMINING

—We are ready to give you estimates—  
HUDSON BAY and BAPCO SAMPLE BOOKS  
FOR THIS YEAR JUST RECEIVED. SEE THEM.  
WALL PAPER FROM 12c TO \$1.75 PER ROLL.

## SIRETT & SHARPE

Bellevue, Alberta

Phone 16-c

## SCREEN DOORS

We have a large shipment of Screen Doors on hand and they are priced to sell. Also a large quantity of Wire Screen in all widths.

See our assortment of LOCKS of all kinds being displayed in our window.

## ALEX. MORENCY

Plumbing and General Hardware.

Blairmore.

## The Best Place to Eat

FIRST CLASS SERVICE—

—OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

## The Palm Cafe

"Southern Alberta's Triumph"

Blairmore,

Alberta

### THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication:  
Blairmore, Alberta.

Subscriptions to all parts of the Dominion, \$2.00 per year. Foreign, \$3.00. Single copies, 10c. Payable in advance.

Business letters, 10c. per line.

Legal notices, 10c. per line for first insertion; 10c. per line for each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising Rates on Application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Thurs., May 3, 1923.

### CROWS' NEST PASS COAL BEST FOR BRIQUETTES

The result of a recent scientific search held at the University of Alberta shows that coal from this district is best for briquetting. The report states: "A briquetting process with its accessory equipment has been purchased and installed, and over one hundred batches of briquettes made. Tests are in progress for making briquettes with the minimum quantity of binder. The common binders, asphalt, coal tar-pitch, etc., are being compared and a search made for a new and cheaper binder. It is of interest to note that the best briquettes yet produced were made with a steam coal from the Crows' Nest Pass district, using as a binder 6 1/2 per cent of a refined asphalt prepared in the laboratories from McMurtry bituminous sand. These briquettes lost only 12 per cent of the weight in an abrasion test of such severity that small lumps of the un-briquetted coal lost 43 per cent under similar conditions. Briquetting may prove of importance in the commercial development of Alberta coals in three ways: first, to convert slack coal of low commercial value into the equivalent of lump coal; secondly, to convert a coal which will not stand handling or storage into one which will stand such treatment; and in this way enable the mines to widen their markets and to operate steadily throughout the year; and third, to convert a carbonized coal into a saleable fuel."

Screening tests have also been carried out to determine the relative proportions of the different sizes of coal in the run-of-mine product also to compare results obtained with ball and plate screens. This work is an essential preliminary to such a standardization of the commercial output of the mines as would materially assist in the widening of the market for Alberta coals.

### INJUDICIOUS LEGISLATION

The tendency today in all legislatures, and particularly in those of Canada and the United States, is to over-legislate, or as one writer recently put it to over-work themselves legislating against other people. A senator in the United States in his latest speech, before retiring from public life emphasized the fact, and stated that in the United States, locally and federally, there were over 70,000 laws governing the conduct of the people from one angle or another. Now, he asked, can people be expected to obey so many laws, the very titles of which would be next to impossible for the ordinary layman to know and remember. Dr. Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, New York, in an address recently on law and lawlessness dwelt upon this tendency as of evil consequence inasmuch as every law passed not in full accord with public opinion and not enforced, helps to create a disrespect for all law. He pointed out sternly that the Ten Commandments have become respected and observable through generations of teaching and example; but that all the governments and armies in the world could not enforce them. It is admitted, of course, that the Ten Commandments, the basis of our morals, cannot be enforced by law, and there must of necessity be many things left to the conscience of men.

It is beginning to be recognized, and this journal has more than once expressed the opinion, that one of the evils of the day is that we have too much government, and yet legislators on many laws of which they know little and which they find out. Do they legislate on trade and industry, regardless of the fact that laws of commerce, like all natural laws, except in a very general way, are not amenable to artificial regulation, and that commerce thrives best in an atmosphere of the greatest freedom. It has often been said that there is no soul in business, that that statement cannot apply, but there never was a time in the world when the standard of business ethics was higher. Business men, through associations and through the dictates of enlightened common sense know they have to play fair to succeed.

These observations have been suggested by the provisions of Bill 44, now before Parliament, for the investigation of combines, monopolies, trusts and mergers. These things

sound bad in themselves and legislation against them may sound good, but labels and catchwords, in practice, so to speak, do not always mean what they appear to, and some to have a secondary meaning which appeals to popular prejudice and as one writer put it, "as they are employed by different writers and speakers, with entirely different meanings and applications all sense of definition is lost." The bill in question is less objectionable perhaps than the late hatched Road of Commerce, created by legislation of 1919, which if it had been designed to achieve objects successfully, would not have made any further legislative meddling necessary. We say "necessary," but it is not.

The Criminal Code, under very heavy penalties, prevents, or endeavors to prevent, and that is all that any law can do is to endeavor—all offences in the way of restraint of trade, monopolistic or otherwise. Anybody and anybody means acting thru the attorney-generals of the provinces and the Dominion, can take action under section 408 if he has reason to believe an offence has been committed. The Bill is sponsored by the Prime Minister himself, has been introduced to furnish something to take the place of the Board of Commerce. Labor. It may be stated, is very well protected by a section which specifically sets out that:

Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to employees or to employers for their own reasonable protection as such workmen or employees.

In this connection it is pointed out that nothing in this article is aimed at Labor or at any government from a political point of view, because all government, Liberal, Conservative or Progressive are equally bad in the respect that they seem to vie each other when it comes to what is properly termed meddling interference in law.

It is impossible to deal with every phase of this matter in a single article but what is objected to is the interference with what ought to be, as far as possible, the free channels of trade and commerce. Disruption of classes have for some time been fretting under such regulation and industrial discipline. For a time they had to give returns of the business employing staff for the sole purpose. They still have the income tax and sales tax and other restraints to make as well.

If there are abuses in business of the kind the Bill aims to prevent, surely the legislation already in the Criminal Code should be sufficient for the purpose. The great objection to Bill 44 is that it is wholly iniquitous and that "any person resident in Canada of the full age of twenty-one who is of the opinion that combine exists or is being formed" may start an investigation which on mere suspicion will subject business men to no end of trouble and expense. It can easily be made the legal machinery of venting spite or private grudge. If for business community is as immoral, or immoral as the introduction of the Bill would suggest, why not use the machinery already in existence? Why add to the already gumbrous machinery of our laws and to the debt of the country by expensive investigations which so far as they have gone in the United States or this country have never offered anything useful? It is really a fishing expedition to be inaugurated on a large scale to satisfy the curiosity of any person who happens to imagine or cares to allege that some business concern is crooked. As a preventive law, it is wrong in principle. In enforcing the Criminal Code we don't assume any person is guilty of murder, or theft, or other crime until we know that crime has been committed and we have good reason for suspecting that some particular person has committed it. We don't arrest a man on the suspicion that there may have been a murder and find out by an expensive and extensive course of law if he happened to be guilty of it. Otherwise, the freedom of no man or woman in this world would be immune. Moreover, the Bill in question is based on the assumption that business is crooked and that it is the business of the State to find out just how crooked it is.

### LETTER OF APPRECIATION

Bellevue, Alberta,  
April 11th, 1923.  
Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada,  
Calgary, Alberta.

Gentlemen:

Re Policies No. 235731, No. 257869, No. 246916—Callan.

I have very much pleasure in acknowledging settlement of claims in connection with the above three policies, which were on the life of my late husband, and wish to thank you for the very prompt way in which these were settled.

I wish to express to you my sincere thanks and appreciation of the great courtesy extended to me by your representative, Mr. C. J. Tompkins, of Frank.

Particularly do I appreciate the courteous treatment extended to me in connection with the latter policy, No. 246916, in which there was doubt as to the intention of my late husband in arranging the method of payment of this policy. The company gave their very best service in this case; and in answering technicalities that they would have been justified in insisting upon and in paying the claim as requested by myself, their action was very greatly appreciated.

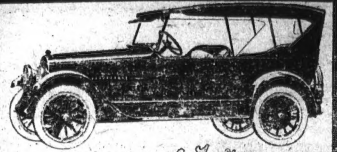
I cannot too highly recommend this company to prospective insurers, who can be absolutely certain of receiving the most courteous and very best service.

Again thanking you for your courtesy to me, I am,  
Yours faithfully,  
MRS. ROSE CALLAN

Evidence in connection with an Ontario will case was heard before R. F. Barnes, a commissioner, for taking evidence at the Macleod court house last week. The facts appear to be that a man named Brownlee in dying left an estate valued at about \$5000, the proceeds to be divided between his two children, a son and daughter. The son now seeks to upset the will.

on the ground of undue influence being exerted by the daughter. The deceased dying at Pincher Creek, a number of Pincher Creek witnesses were called.

Premier Greenfield and Attorney-General Brownlee leave for eastern Canada this week, on provincial business.



"Built in Canada"

Wherever motor cars are discussed somebody is sure to say, "That Studebaker is a regular automobile."

The Studebaker Special-Six has been on the market for four years. Each year has seen added to it such refinements and improvements as time has made possible. Today there are more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand in everyday service and we don't believe there's a dissatisfied owner.

The name was selected because comparative tests against all kinds of cars made this car stand out as something special and apart from the ordinary run of automobiles.

Count the "Special-Six" that have appeared since the arrival of the Studebaker Special-Six. That's the proof of the value of the original Special-Six.

MODELS AND PRICES—C. O. B. Walkerville, Ont.			
Exclusive of Taxes			
LIGHT SIX 5-Pass, 117 W. B., 40 H. P.	SPECIAL-SIX 5-Pass, 117 W. B., 40 H. P.	BIG SIX 7-Pass, 126 W. B., 50 H. P.	
Touring.....\$1375	Touring.....\$1795	Touring.....\$2425	
Roadster (5-Pass.).....1375	Roadster (5-Pass.).....1795	Roadster (5-Pass.).....2425	
Coupe (4-Pass.).....1375	Coupe (4-Pass.).....1795	Coupe (4-Pass.).....2425	
Sedan.....2225	Sedan.....2590	Sedan.....3750	

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Agents and Distributors, Crows' Nest Pass District

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Will make the Home doubly inviting

You've no idea how much you can accomplish for a merely trifling expense—until you try it. EASY—AND SO SATISFACTORY if you get the right paint products to start with; and don't try to finish fence posts and furniture from the same can.

The finest wall finish you can apply is

**SILKSTONE**  
FLAT WALL COLOURS

Used in the finest mansions or humblest cottages. Their soft shades harmonize with any decorative scheme. They can be washed again and again, and their freshness indefinitely.

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PRODUCT FOR EVERY PURPOSE

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HILLCREST, ALBERTA

**H. C. MCBURNEY**  
COLEMAN, ALBERTA



## IN THE SENATE

Hon. W. A. Griesbach

## On Conditions in Europe.

(Continued From Last Week.)

Now, there could be only two forms of security against the fear: The first form of security would be an actual physical frontier. That frontier exists to exist on the Rhine. The Rhine rises in the Swiss mountains and flows to the North Sea, and is navigable almost from its source, and is fordable nowhere. True, on the left bank of the Rhine is a territory occupied by the Germans, that one time belonged to France. Could the boundary have been forced up to the Rhine everywhere, it would have constituted an actual frontier, a military obstacle which would have given to France the security which she desires and deserved. But there were difficulties in connection with the annexation of territory, based upon the objection of all Powers at that time. France was obliged to recede from a perfectly reasonable demand and enter into a discussion as to the nature of the security that might be given her by a second means, namely an alliance of the Great Powers pledging themselves to come to the aid and assistance of France should she again be invaded by Germany.

After interminable discussion the Treaty of Versailles was executed involving the proposal of the League of Nations, and with special reference to Article X thereof, which provides that should one of these powers signatory to the Treaty be threatened the remainder will come to her assistance. The French people observed that the United States, unlike the other powers, was not merely represented by delegates or plenipotentiaries, but was represented by the President, the ruler of that country. The people of France attached tremendous importance to that fact, and when the delegation from the United States led by President Wilson, put their signatures to the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations, which it contained, they believed that in that

Treaty they had a security against Germany which removed their fears, and which ensured Peace. What has happened? The President of the United States returned to his own country, and both he and the Treaty were repudiated; and then, of course, the League of Nations so far as it had left, fell to the ground, and France was left without security. Three years or more have passed. The discussion with regard to reparations has gone on, and now it becomes apparent that the payment of these reparations are in doubt. So France, who helped to win the war—to put it very mildly—who was one of the winners of the war, and the aggrieved party from the beginning—finds herself today with this recollection of human loss, with the visible destruction of property, and her ancient fears revived, and reparations unpaid, in such a position that if she would help herself now she must rely upon her own strong right arm. These two things, reparations and security, are vital to France. They are matters of life and death to France. As to their paramount importance there can be no argument. Who will dare to argue with France upon these points?

I should like for one moment to discuss German opinion. We have seen how Germany makes war; we shall now see how she keeps the peace. Someone has said that you should not indict a whole nation, and perhaps one should not; but I have no hesitation in indicting official Germany—the German Government. Officially Germany is dishonest. One can quite understand that after conversation with German officers. We cannot understand the mentality of these Germans. The other day I saw a cartoon in Punch; I think it was, which showed a gathering of Germans around a table drinking beer. One of them was complaining against the action of the French in the Ruhr. He said: "These French behave as though this was Belgium." That gives you an idea of the mentality of the German people. I say Germany is dishonest, and I say that Germany will evade the terms of the Treaty if she possibly can. Only the other day someone

told me that of all the insurance companies involved in the San Francisco earthquake, the only ones that did not attempt to meet their liabilities were the German companies who in all cases closed their doors and faded away. Germany understands only one argument, and that argument is force. If anyone doubts that, let him read the German philosophers, let him read Treitschke, Vof der Goltz, Clausewitz and Von Bernhardi.

According to the treaty Germany was to demobilize her army and reduce it to one hundred thousand men. Well, she has done so, but she has done it with system. A regiment now takes the place of an army corps and the regiments are located in army corps districts. These regiments are commanded in many cases by the same men who commanded army corps in the war—this information can be had from our own General Staff Branch—and the companies and battalions are now commanded by officers who had higher formations in the war. The capacity to expand, based upon six million trained men, is there. In addition, the German Government has organized what is known as the security police, a force consisting of 150,000 men, nominally organized to support the Republican Government. In addition to that, in the various states of Germany there grew up in 1919, and still exists, a volunteer organization, which is better armed, organized, disciplined and supplied with munitions than our own Canadian militia. Why is this? It is because, amongst other things, the German army was never demobilized. The men marched home with their equipment intact and have it with them today. So Germany has not honestly disarmed herself. The Inter-Allied Commission are constantly finding throughout Germany secret stores of concealed arms, artillery, ammunition, and so forth. Some of the English papers are simply tired of telling the story. I am not sure which paper it is runs two columns on the subject, and has been doing so for the last three years.

Historically, Germany will desire under camouflage, to maintain an

army. Germany has precedent for that. It was, I think, in 1807; following the battle of Jena, in which the French, under Napoleon, were victorious over the Germans. Napoleon gave them a place in which he required that they should not have an army of more than 35,000 men. Then it was that Clausewitz and others evolved a system of conscription, national training, and then passed recruits through the army in three months training period and turned out 140,000 partially trained men each year, so that in the end they came back at Napoleon with a great army which had been trained under his eye. So I say; historically Germany under camouflage, can and will build up and maintain a great army. The British General Staff know that quite well. From time to time they have issued confidential circulars telling of the growth and development of that army—and the French know it very much better.

According to the treaty, Germany was to punish her war criminals, and some three hundred were named. What has happened? Only a few have been brought to trial; some have been found not guilty, and others have been given such light punishment as six weeks in a fortress. What were these criminals charged with? They were charged with sinking hospital ships, sinking merchant ships, firing upon unfortunate people in the life boats, and one man in particular I remember, to get some added pleasure, used to bring his submarine up amongst the struggling people and allow them to clamber on top of his boat until he had a nice little party and then he would submerge the submarine and watch them drown. The man got off on the plea that he was only carrying out the orders of his superiors; and when it was suggested that his superiors be indicted, the answer was that they were not named as war criminals. There were some fifteen men who were known to have ill-treated and murdered prisoners. There was one man in particular who was in charge of a coal mine. One young man, from Edmonton, in my own battalion, was captured. He worked two years in this coal mine and was fed two meals a day, and spent nearly all the time underground. The man in charge of the mine used to go down into the bowels of the earth and give this man a beating every week and finally he knocked his eye out. That young man is now back in Canada, a man who will never recover. That particular German was indicted but has never been brought to trial.

Germany has bused herself with intrigues with the Bolsheviks and the Turks; she has fished in troubled waters wherever she could to annoy and embarrass the Allies. She has depreciated her currency and done it unofficially, and with a purpose. It is perhaps a difficult thing to prove, but let me put before you the theory which has been advanced, not once but a dozen times, in different parts of the world. That theory is that Germany being dishonest and clever, and confronted as she was with paper currency which she could not redeem or did not care to redeem, adopted this plan. She decided that on a certain day when marks were at a certain price, say two cents, she would sell a vast quantity of these marks in the markets of the world and put the proceeds, in the form of foreign securities, foreign currency and gold, into a fund. Then she continued to depreciate her currency by the issue of paper money, and it will finally reach a point where it has no longer any value. Then she will redeem her currency by means of the funds which she has accumulated in the manner I have described. Someone has said that \$16,000,000 would today redeem the whole of the German currency at its present value.

The route traversed by the ferry is marked by islands, some of which are miles in extent, others gem like islets thrusting up from smiling seas, making the waterway a succession of pictures to which the most famous of salon hangings cannot compare. The lovely Mount Baker is also seen from the ferry to advantage, standing as it does in a mantle of dazzling snow amid the foothills of the mainland.

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This very day I received through the mail a report of a speech by Otto H. Kahn, an American banker, president of the American branch of the English-speaking Union, delivered at the monthly luncheon of the British Empire Chamber of Commerce of the United States at the Bankers Club, New York, on Wednesday, January 17, 1922, in which he said: "Germany has in the coffers of her Reichsbank still approximately \$250,000,000 in gold. That is enough to retire the total existing German paper currency about four times over, at the present rate of exchange. The remedy, though of course not the sole reason why that currency is selling at a valuation of one-fourth of the gold in the hands of the Reichsbank is the world's utter lack of confidence, and particularly the fact that the German people themselves have no confidence in the token which bears the stamp of their government."

I say that Germany has deliberately depreciated her currency. That currency, on the other hand, has served a useful purpose; it has enabled Germany to carry out important improvements and great works. She has renewed in the past three years almost all of her railways; she has dug new canals and widened and deepened the old ones; her industrial expansion in these past three years exceeds anything that has been in the industrial history of that country; and she has done all that with her depreciated money, and she has depreciated it intentionally. She has killed two birds with one stone.

Now with regard to her industrial expansion, let me read to the House an article appearing in the Montreal Gazette a few days ago, which deals with her expansion in shipbuilding. The Gazette of the 23rd February says:

"Germany as a Sea Power  
"Germany has beaten her pre-war shipbuilding record, according to figures which have been published, her output in 1922 being 575,000 tons, as compared with 509,000 tons in 1921, 140,000 in 1914 and 465,000 tons in 1913."

In other words, her output in shipbuilding in the past two years exceeds her shipbuilding programme in the two years preceding the war. "The assumption that Germany would not count as a sea power for a generation or more is therefore disproved by events; and before long she will apparently rank once more among the leading maritime nations of the world, even if she does not, in the course of the next few years, take the honor of being second in mercantile marine strength—a newly-won title held by the United States. A point worth emphasizing at this time is the fact that the German shipbuilding industry does not seem to have suffered at all from the general depression reported in some parts of Germany, and owing to the low cost of construction she has become a formidable competitor to this industry in Great Britain."

Then further on: "Germany is represented as in the

water rim of the outside edge of bankruptcy, with the mark continuing its headlong downward career in consonance with the associations of poverty."

"Look at that picture—and the other which suggests Germany's prosperity—or its hoped-for prosperity. German industries are turning out goods in record quantities; her railways and aerial communications have been improved beyond all recognition; the whole Fatherland—the Ruhr—is a hive of activity; she has fewer unemployed up till recently than to be found under any other flag; and, most important than all she is steady—and quickly—recovering her position on the seas."

Germany has always been dishonest in her dealings with other nations, and she is perpetually whining and bully-rigging, and she has reached the point in her industrial achievements when the materialization of her plans would appear to be in sight. She plays for time primarily, and secondarily she plays for the growing diversity of interests between the former allies. Her main object is never lost to view, which is, that the terms of this treaty must be voided if they can be.

(Concluded Next Week.)

A sitting of the district court was held in Blairmore today, in camera.

## Here and There

An addition to the Canadian Pacific Montreal-Toronto train service is a night train each way, making six trains every night between the two cities. The motor cars are found necessary on account of the heavy tourist traffic to Montreal from the West.

The opinion of Hon. T. D. Pattie, Minister of Lands of British Columbia, is that "Canada can absorb at least 300,000 people annually, and this number could come on indefinitely. There is no limit to the requirements of the country. As many as we can get are wanted."

Nova Scotia is endeavoring to attract a "gold rush" during July or August of 1922, and it is expected that many from distant parts of Canada and the United States will visit the towns of their origin during the festival period set apart.

Incomparable Lake Louise has achieved new glory. The makers of the Gray-Dort car have put out a model in a new color which they term "Lake Louise Blue." It is a lovely green-blue, and it has caught anything of the glorious gleam of Canada's most beautiful mountain lake. It should be a popular color for other than motor cars.

Big Bill, the last surviving buffalo at the Pinafore Park Zoo, St. Thomas, was recently shot. The animal has been suffering for some time from the same malady which carried off his mate a few months ago. Big Bill was said to have been the finest specimen of Buffalo east of the Government Park at Winnipeg, Saskatchewan.

Albert Stedwell, Canadian Pacific Railway engineer at Fort William, has an alibi for that is a wolf killer. Mr. Stedwell has a farm at Uppar and while visiting the farm the dog routed out a brush wolf and chased it. During the subsequent battle one could hardly tell which was dog and which was wolf. Mr. Stedwell went to the assistance of his pet and together they finished the wolf.

T. W. McKenzie, Canadian Pacific Railway agent at Rosemary, Alberta, has received letters patent on a device for the purpose of locking automobiles. It is so constructed that when the switch is thrown off the car is automatically locked, thereby eliminating the possible chance of an owner leaving his car unprotected. The device cannot be operated nor the car started by an unauthorized person without causing an alarm.

The number of persons killed or injured while trespassing on railroad tracks were 50 per cent less in 1922 than the average of the preceding fifteen years. The figures are 5,500 for nine months of 1922 compared with 10,736, the average for the previous year, according to an announcement made by the Safety Section of the American Railroad Association. This reduction in casualties is claimed to be due to the improved policing by the roads and to success of the Safety First movement.

From September 1 to March 31 inclusive, the Canadian Pacific Railway has transported to Vancouver 11,668,328 bushels of grain, representing the same period the movement amounted to 8,502 cars or 3,967,832 bushels. Last year during the crop season 13,571,220 bushels had been exported from Vancouver, of which 1,123,000 were to the United Kingdom, 2,242,300 to the Orient, and 100,000 to South America. Last year's total bushel export amounted to 5,000,000 bushels.

## Motor Transport Through West Coast Archipelago



1. Gem like islets thrusting up from smiling summer seas. 2. The "Motor Princess" after launching.

THE magnificent chain of the motor roads which wind through the Solikids and the Canadian Pacific Rockies to Vancouver and points on the southern British Columbia border, thence through the western states of America, touching as they do the finest of the Canadian and American National Parks, need no introduction to the world of motorists. Every mile of road, especially through the Canadian Parks where it has, in many places, been cut out of solid rock and at stupendous cost, has been built with an eye to easy travelling and scenic grandeur, and from every spring unit late in the fall a continuous stream of automobiles, bearing license plates issued in every town on the coast, throut, pour along the highway. Nowhere else can the motorist obtain such a home run through such ever changing scenes of natural beauty.

During the past few years it has become quite the thing to motor through vacation time, and those who choose this way of holidaying are unanimous in their cheer of a "hunting ground." British Columbia and the Rockies are not the things to be "done," because having travelled through them once, one never technically made by ferry from Vancouver, or Bellingham in the State of Washington in Victoria or one of

the west coast ports nearby. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has this year put into service a new automobile ferry, the "Motor Princess," a motor driven vessel which operates between Bellingham and Victoria and which, with a capacity for fifty automobiles and well appointed accommodation for 150 passengers, twice daily.

The route traversed by the ferry is marked by islands, some of which are miles in extent, others gem like islets thrusting up from smiling seas, making the waterway a succession of pictures to which the most famous of salon hangings cannot compare. The lovely Mount Baker is also seen from the ferry to advantage, standing as it does in a mantle of dazzling snow amid the foothills of the mainland.



## A Canadian View Of The Solution To The Problem Of The Allied War Debt

In view of the necessity of finding a solution to the problem of the Allied debts, the appended letter from a prominent Canadian financier has special value. Bernard Haruch in a letter to Senator Dorr dissected the nations' note, and makes important constructive suggestions, which Mr. Macaulay would further develop.

"Dear Mr. Haruch: Canadians have noted with satisfaction the broadminded views expressed in your widely published letter. We in the Dominion have no direct interest in the Allied debts. We are united by common friendship, both to the Mother Country and to our neighbor-brother, and can, we think, view the matter impartially. May I briefly discuss the case? You frankly agree that such portions of the Allied loans as were expended for munitions and other fight purposes, were used for the benefit of all, and that the debts may fairly be reduced to this extent.

When your country declared war you took your place beside the Allies to prosecute the struggle as a joint enterprise. You required over a year for preparation, and during that time the Allies gave to the cause one million lives, besides billions of their own money. You could not help with men, but you did help financially. The claim now that you were only lending while they were giving so contrary to all ideas of co-operation and justice, that it will not stand even a moment's investigation. We owe our dollars worth more than their lives.

During the whole war in actually killed, France lost 2,100,000; Britain, 1,600,000; Italy, 1,000,000; United States, 50,000; Canada, 52,000. In lives there was no equality of sacrifice; must there also be no equality in finance?

I need not dwell further on these points, for you admit that money borrowed for military purposes should be deducted from the so-called debts. Coming from the head of the Government Commission which made the advances, this declaration should carry great weight with the American people. Its general acceptance would be a first step towards settlement.

You hold, however, that money applied to purposes not strictly military should be repaid. You also hold that the United States has counter-claims. Among non-military items you list food for British civilian populations. This food, purchased at inflated prices, was sold much below cost, and the proceeds were at once applied to strictly military purposes. Was it not all therefore a war expenditure? You also suggest that Britain should have transported American troops without charge. Why? The vessels were private property, and their owners had to be reimbursed. Why should Britain pay for their use while they were transporting American troops? American railways were likely under Government control. Should they have carried without charge the munitions purchased by the Allies? Britain of course gladly furnished the naval squadrons that conveyed the transports.

You make out a better case on another point. Any amount paid to J. P. Morgan & Co. to cover an overdraft of the British Government on April 6th, 1917, is in a different category, as it represents expenditures before the United States became one of the associates.

But there is another point. Your advances were limited to "covering purchases in the United States, which incidentally benefited your own people, practically the only exception being for Russia. No other nation imposed such a restriction. Was this quite in harmony with full co-operation, and with the wealth and plenty of your country? If a broader view might wisely have been taken, and the restriction had not been imposed, Britain would not have had to continue to finance the domestic requirements of her Allies, and persons who owe your Government nothing, for she would have paid for her own American purchases in cash. It then becomes of no importance for what purpose the money was used, and even the Morgan overdraft drops out of sight.

There is still another point. These monies did not leave the United States. They were expended in purchases there at wartime prices. An American trader estimates that apart from the wealth which this brought to individuals, the United States Government itself received back in excess profits and other taxes over \$2,000,000,000, reducing the actual advance by that amount. Should this be ignored?

I heartily agree that if there is to be any just settlement all points must be carefully considered, and among those points I would include the question.

V. N. U. 1150

### Typed Radio Messages

#### Wireless Tests Made With "Teletype" Have Been Successful

Flying naval airplanes will soon be sending their messages to land or ship stations in typewritten form.

This remarkable advancement in radio development has just been announced by the Navy Department. It is an actual achievement, fully tested and found of great importance in communication between aircraft and their stations.

The apparatus that makes this form of radio transmission possible consists of a machine much like the commercial typewriter, connected by electricity to a radio transmitting or receiving set. Each key of the typewriter is connected to the radio apparatus in the airplane.

When a letter is struck a radio impulse is flashed from the antenna on the airplane to the receiving station below. On the receiving end is a similar instrument which reproduces the message in typewritten form on a tape.

The instrument has been named the "teletype." It has been in use for the last eight years in connection with land wire telegraphy. But this is the first time it has been applied to wireless. First tests were made at the naval air station at Anacostia, D.C. The new system, it is said, will eliminate much of the chance of error in transmitting and receiving that is now experienced in the telephone and telegraph devices. Accuracy is the chief advantage of the teletype. Speed is next.

#### Discovered at last

First Professor in high-powered car—We've got it at last. Second Drive—G—got we what? First—Perpetual motion—I can't stop.—Detroit Free Press.

### A Book Of Canadian Interest

Irish and Canadian Poems, By Michael A. Hargaden.

The works of Canadian authors are becoming more and more recognized, not only in Canada, but in other countries. During this book season it is of interest to quote from a review of "Irish and Canadian Poems," by Michael A. Hargaden, with introduction by George H. Ham. The review, signed by "P. B. D. B.," appeared in a recent issue of "United India and Indian Empire," one of the leading Indian journals. Of the book it says: "This anthology is an elegant tribute paid by an Irishman to the grandeur and natural beauty of his motherland, and also is a splendid compliment to the glorious scenery of the Land of the Maple Leaf, his adopted home. The poems in the book deal with the diversity of subjects and cover a very vast field. Winter themes are taken up, whether it is the description of a scene or the expression of a sentiment, whether it is a tender tribute to the 'valor of a friend, living or dead, or a retrospective narrative of his own early school days, the poet's facile and graphic pen strikes a fine chord. Mr. Hargaden is a born poet, full of love, piety, patriotism, faith and sympathy, and his poems abound with freshness and sunshine. The language and the metre used are so simple and easy in flow that even a schoolboy could follow them with pleasure and enjoyment. The poet pays a handsome tribute to one of his friends, who was killed in France:

The oak that is strongest may fall in the blast,  
But a forest will grow from the seeds that it casts.  
Thus each drop from the breast of this flower of our race  
Will spring up a soldier to stand in his place.

The natural course of passing away from this world is thus described in "Going Away":

Yet those we leave shall go away;  
And those they leave shall go;  
All to the great Eternity  
We follow in a row.

Troubles, worries and disappointments are the natural shares of human beings, and the poet offers a little consolation in his poem, "Broken Blades," in these words:

Perhaps the flowers of heaven are little flowers  
That here at birth were broken on the ground;  
Perhaps the hours of heaven are happy hours  
That here we often sought, but never found.

We have nothing but praise for this beautiful book which is extremely well got out on thick paper and in clear bold print, and has a large number of glorious reproductions of several photographs of persons and of Irish and Canadian scenery. It would make an excellent gift.

"Irish and Canadian Poems," by Michael A. Hargaden, Published by Modern Printing Co., 29 Dorset Street, Montreal. Price One Dollar.

A Pennsylvania has invented an attachment for radio head telephones with which six persons can listen to incoming messages at once through ear tubes.

### The Usual Procedure

#### Presenting Card Did Not Secure Interview For Collector

William Leblond is noted for his nerve, his shiftness of temper, and his security of cash. While he was seated at a lonely breakfast in his club one morning, a debt collector broke in, through the door of the house, and presented his bill.

"Sir," said William, glaring at him, "is this all you know of the usages of decent society? To present a bill to a man breakfasting sir? Do you know I could call the servants and have you thrown out? If you will to talk business, go outside and send in your card."

The collector went out and sent in his card. William picked it up between his thumb and forefinger, adjusted his monocle, and read it.

"Tell the gentleman," he said sweetly, "that I am not in."—Tit-Bits

### A Wireless Record

White Star Liner Majestic Sent 100 Words a Minute

Radio messages were sent by automatic machinery at a rate of between 80 and 100 words a minute by the White Star liner Majestic to the station of the Radio Corporation of America at Chatham, Mass.

This rate is about four times as fast as ordinary operators can read and receive it, while the greatest speed made by the most expert senders is only a little over 40 words a minute.

The speed is nearly as fast as that at which messages can be sent by wire, and may open a vast new field for usefulness.

There are 718 members of the British House of Lords, including 16 Scottish and 28 Irish representative peers.

## Enormous National Wealth Of Canada Makes Attractive Appeal To The Keen Investor

### Strange Happenings Near Naples

Thousands of Lake Fish Poisoned By Volcanic Gases

A strange thing has just happened near Naples. Thousands of fish suddenly appeared on the surface of Lake Lavinio, twisting and turning about in violent agitation. Then, gradually their movements ceased and they floated dead on the water.

The only explanation that can be offered for this strange happening is that poisonous gases must have invaded the water through vents in the volcanic bed of the lake, and that the unfortunate fish were gassed.

The water is to be tested to see if it has been poisoned, in which case the results will be serious, for there are extensive fisheries carried on in the lake.

#### Save the Pieces

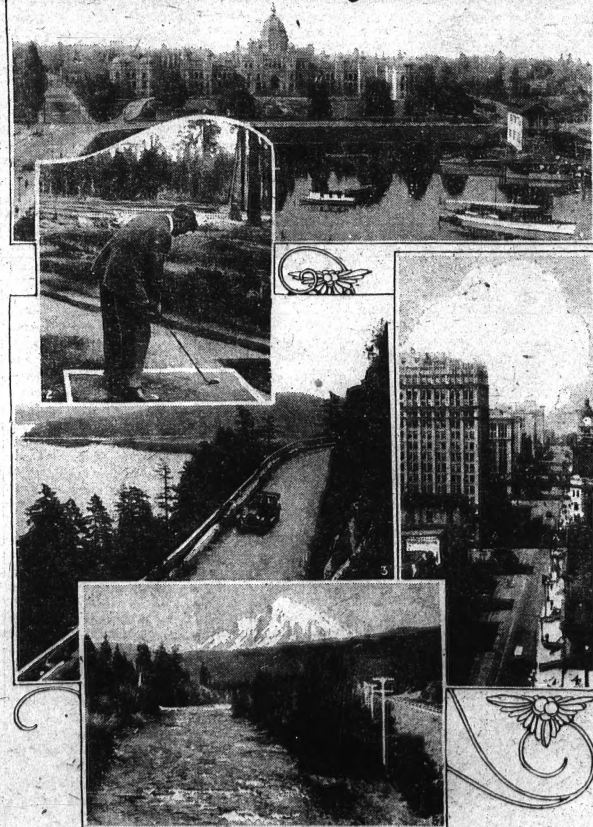
"Madam," shouted the angry neighbor, "your little Freddy has just thrown a brick through our window!" "Would you bring the brick please," beamed Freddy's mother, "We are keeping all the little reminders of his youthful pranks."

Russian horses, which numbered 36,000,000 before the war, have practically disappeared, having been eaten by the famished population.

Like the cricket, the grasshopper has ears just below his knees.

You can be a pessimist when you can't be anything else.

## A Good Place to go in Winter



1. Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C.
2. Golf may be played every day in the year.
3. Famous Malahat Drive, Vancouver Island.
4. Vancouver is a beautiful modern city.
5. Magnificent mountain scenery en route.

Nature has dealt most generously with Canada in respect to her climate. While in the East we have winter weather worthy of the name, with lots of snow, which nowadays proves an attraction to thousands who revel in the bracing winter atmosphere and enjoy our winter sports, of tobogganing, skating, skiing, etc. There are many who seek a warmer climate. We have this in Canada also. Within the last few years, thousands of our Canadian people have been making their annual winter pilgrimages to the Pacific Coast, many to avoid the rigors of winter, and many

simply to indulge in a winter vacation. Victoria and Vancouver, on our own Pacific Coast, offer ideal retreats. Here flowers bloom in winter, and the grass and trees are always green. Southwesterly breezes prevail throughout the year, reaching the land warmed by their passage across the vast breadth of the Pacific, whose waters on this coast have a temperature of 52 degrees. In Victoria, 49 degrees has been the mean annual temperature for the last thirty years, while Vancouver is a little colder, but extremes in weather are never experienced. Golf and other outdoor sports may be engaged in all winter while both cities have magnificent

natural settings, and hundreds of miles of the finest roads on the continent invite motoring. You have the grandeur of mountain scenery, glorious seascapes, luxuriant evergreen forests and invigorating sea air, with all the advantages to be found in a modern metropolis, for Victoria and Vancouver are two of the finest cities in the Dominion.

The mountains en route through the Canadian Rockies are magnificent in their sombre winter dress—a fairland of surpassing beauty. The Canadian National Railway passes through the mountains at the lowest altitude and easiest gradients of any transcontinental railway in America.

#### Science Not Retaining

According to science, tigers and lions are too weak in the lungs power to run more than half a mile, but in all our reading we have so far failed to encounter the case of an African who was pursued by one of the above mentioned animals, for he took to park at the half-mile mark and made derivative noises at his pursuer—Buffalo Express.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.





Blairmore Lodge, No. 55, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m. in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: A. B. Harmer, N.G.; M. H. Bluffman, V.G.; Fred Gooding, R.S.; H. C. James, F.S.; J. Montalbetti, Treasurer.

Crow's Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of the month in the I.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: W. Patterson, C.P.; James Crowder, S.W.; R. Oliver, R.S. and F.S.; Joe Montalbetti, Treasurer.

Crowview Rebekah Lodge, No. 56, meets the first and third Thursdays of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Agnew, N.G.; Sister Evans, V.G.; Sister D. James, R.S.; Sister Hood, F.S.; Sister N. Evans, Treasurer.

Bellevue Lodge No. 118, meets every Monday night at 8 p.m. Officers: H. Harrison, N.G.; E. Fisher, V.G.; J. S. Shewels, Sec.; P. Padgett, Treasurer.

Armistice Encampment No. 17, Bellevue, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: A. B. Carr, C.P.; Stephen Berry, H.P.; Harry Japson, S.W.; Fred Padgett, J.W.; E. E. Eason, Treasurer; Charles W. Ray, Scribe, Box 6.

Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge No. 47, meets the first and third Wednesdays of the month. Officers: Sister Dayne, N.G.; Sister Litherland, V.G.; Sister Beal, R.S.; Sister Christie, F.S.; Sister Patinson, Treasurer. Visitors of the Order are cordially invited to attend the above lodges.

## Spring Cleaning

KALSUMINE, PAINTS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, ETC., ETC.

See Our lines of Linoleums, Linoleum Rugs, Oilcloths, Etc. You will need some while cleaning up and we have just what you want.

Full lines of Furniture, Crockery, Paints, Brushes, Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

**Blairmore Furniture Store**  
Joseph Montalbetti, Proprietor

WANTED—To hear from owner of good Farm for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. —June 21

## Lee Ling Laundry

Best in Town

Opposite F. M. Thompson Co. Across the Track.

Blairmore. Alberta

## Crow's Nest Undertaking Co.

A. E. FERGUSON Mgr.

Graduate of Worham College of Anatomy and Embalming, Chicago, Ill.

Agents—Terrill Floral Co., Calgary. Monuments.

PARLORS  
Main Street, Coleman  
Main Street, Blairmore

## Loring H. Putnam

Barrister, Etc.

Phone 167

Office next to Post Office  
Blairmore. Alberta

## GILLIS & MACKENZIE

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

Blairmore, Alberta

F. E. Gillis, B.A.—D. G. Mackenzie

## E. HINDS

DRAIVING

PHONE 149

Blairmore - Alberta

The Mounted Police barracks at Lethbridge was damaged by fire on Thursday morning to the extent of about fifteen thousand dollars.

## MARRY WEALTH

Associates International and Friendship Photo Magazine—\$5.—No Stamp—Sent privately Sealed. Box 25, Inverwood, Ontario.

## DENTISTRY

H. B. Hoar, D.D.S., D.D.C., L.D.S.

Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto.

At Bellevue Monday and Tuesday  
Office Phone 129 — Blairmore

## DENTISTRY

R. K. LILLIE, D.D.S., L.D.S., Graduate N.U.D.S., Chicago.

Hours:  
Coleman, morning, 9 to 12  
Blairmore, Afternoon, 1 to 6  
Evenings by appointment.

Phones:  
Both Offices 32 - Residence 103

## Harmer & Gresham

COMMISSION AGENTS

## FIRE

HEALTH, ACCIDENT, LIFE

INSURANCE

STEAMSHIP LINES

Office: Blairmore, Alberta. Phone 230

## A. E. BLAIS

PAINTING—

PAPERHANGING—

KALSUMINING

—Agent for Empire Wall Paper—

—PHONE 103—

## Miss Hazel M. Brown

PIANO/ORTE PLAYING AND THEORY

Pupils entered for the Examinations of the Toronto Conservatory of Music.

Phone 297 — Blairmore

## COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Hillie Swart has returned from a Calgary visit.

James Goldie, of Lethbridge, is a present Cowley visitor.

Miss Cora Fortier is teaching the Todd Creek school.

Miss Ruth Ames has returned to her home in Calgary.

Mrs. Harold Gerry is taking treatment in a Lethbridge hospital.

R. Harrison and C. Sedgewick motored to Lethbridge Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Garrison, of Blairmore, was a Cowley visitor on Monday.

W. R. Drake will resume duty as teacher at Chapel Rock school in the near future.

We are glad to state that Ralph Easterbrook, who has been sick in a hospital at Lethbridge for several days, is improving.

Miss Anna McLennan is the new teacher at Ashvale and Miss Gwen Taylor at Tennessee school. All district schools are now in operation.

Miss Geraldine Frey, who has finished her normal course in Calgary, has accepted the position as teacher of the Tanner school, which opened Tuesday.

Bert Connolly had the misfortune of being kicked by a horse, although not of a serious nature. He received some head wounds that required the doctor's attention.

Fred Howitt, of Olin Creek, was seriously injured by being thrown and kicked by a horse last Sunday night, his head and face being badly cut and jaw broken. He was rushed to Fincher Creek for nursing.

Miss McIntyre, of the agricultural college, gave an interesting lecture on Friday afternoon under the auspices of the Women's Institute, on the remodeling of commercial patterns. She spoke to the West Wind Club on Saturday afternoon.

## MINERS' DEMONSTRATION

A FAIR SUCCESS

Despite the stormy condition of the weather on Tuesday, the demonstration and sports put on by the miners was attended by a fair amount of success. Owing to the snow showers, however, some items on the program including the baseball game, were dropped.

A special train of thirteen coaches arrived from Fernie, bringing about a thousand people from Fernie and intermediate points. The miners of Bellevue and Hillcrest arrived in procession about 11 a.m., being met about midway between Frank and Blairmore by the members of the local union. Upon arrival of the train from the west, the crowd gathered around centre park, where addresses of welcome were accorded by Mayor McLeod, P. M. Christophers, M. L. A., and others, following which all proceeded to the athletic grounds where the sports programme commenced.

Following were winners in the children's races:

Boys of 6 years—First F. Cutscher, second M. Matthews.

Girls 6 years—P. Richards, C. Vane. Boys, 7 years—Glen Morgan, Luther Goodwin.

Girls 7 years—C. Peron, V. Gallitax.

Boys, 8 years—H. Ambrose, A. Baratelli.

Girls, 8 years—E. Marcelli, S. Jarvi.

Boys, 9 years—A. Rae, second A. Williams and R. Corney.

Girls, 9 years—E. Bolton, A. Kemp.

Boys, 10 years—E. McLeod, W. Marcelli.

Girls, 10 years—G. Wells, A. McAndrew.

Boys, 11 years—D. Hamilton, F. Veber.

Girls, 11 years—A. Mackie, second V. Rae and A. Palmer.

Boys, 12 years—G. Brooks, G. Mancini.

Girls, 12 years—L. Charlesworth, E. Brooks.

Boys, 13 years—A. Fanville, G. Vane.

Girls, 13 years—V. Dampois, V. Serra.

Boys, 14 years—H. Binson, B. Davidson.

Girls, 14 years—Grace Joyce.

Boys' Three-Legged Race—first D. Kemp and G. Martini, second J. Kemp and R. Maniquet.

Girls' Three-Legged Race—Edith Christophers and J. Stobbs.

Boys' Sack Race—first George Schlosser, second F. Hallworth.

Young Ladies' Race—Grace Joyce.

Men, 100 yards—first Joe Gates, Coleman; second E. Stalman, Coleman.

Men, 200 yards—first Joe Gates, second E. Stalman.

Timber Packers' Race—first Fred Welton, second Martin Kubie.

Married Ladies' Race—first Mrs. Traversa, Michel; second Mrs. D. McKinnon, Coleman.

Football. There were entered twelve teams with five men a-side. They played five minutes each way. Three teams from Michel, two from Hillcrest, two from Blairmore, one from Coshin and two from Coal Creek. Michel No. 1 team were winners, each of the following being presented with a gold watch: Jenkins, Watson, McFarland, Little and Traversa. Hillcrest team came second and each of the following received a pair of football boots: Richards, Lesson, Pierri, Bain and Lowe.

During the afternoon a mass meeting was held in the opera house, addressed by several prominent labor platform orators.

At night a grand ball took place at the opera house, where the spacious building was crowded to the doors. Dancing was kept up until well into the morning hours.

The Fernie train started back at midnight, but a large number of people remained over for the dance.

Financially the day was a success. Tags were sold by girls throughout the day and by this means a goodly sum was realized. In addition to this the committee feel grateful to business men and others for contributions toward the prize fund.

## INCREASED ACCOMMODATION

AT JASPER PARK LODGE

Jasper Park Lodge, the hostelry which the Canadian National Railway has created in an Alpine setting in the heart of Jasper National Park, will be open for the reception of guests this season from June 1st to September 30th. Many reservations have been made at this early date, among which are the Alberta and British Columbia Press Associations, which will hold their 1923 joint convention at the Lodge June 7th, 8th and 9th.

Last year the Canadian National Railway inaugurated a series of Lodges, three miles from Jasper Station, which proved so popular to visitors to Jasper National Park that increased accommodation for 1923 became imperative. The enlarged capacity provides for 250 guests and includes a Main Lodge, containing a large lounge, dining room and ball room, billiard room, barber shop, shower baths, ten bedrooms, all connected with private bath, and all modern conveniences. A wide verandah encircles the lounge and dining room, commanding a panoramic view of Lac Beauvert and its magnificent Alpine surroundings; eighteen four-room lodges, containing two rooms with two single beds each, two rooms with double beds each, sitting room, dressing room and bath room; three two-suite lodges, each suite comprising bed-sitting room, dressing room, bath room and sleeping porch; two twelve-room buildings containing twelve single rooms with one single bed each; bathrooms and toilet accommodation. All the lodges are of log construction with verandah, rustic and harmonious, fittingly furnished and electric lighted and steam heated, each bed room being supplied with running hot and cold water.

Jasper, the station at which tourists detrain, is charmingly situated on a plateau at the base of Pyramid Mountain and close to where the Miette River forms its junction with the Athabasca. As a convenient centre from which tourists may embark upon motor, horseback or hiking trips to various points of interest within or beyond the confines of Jasper National Park, the Lodge occupies an ideal situation. The Park's main artery—an excellent motor road—lies at the very door of the Lodge, where motor, sure-footed packhorses and experienced guides are always available for the conducting of tourists to points of interest—either near at hand or distant. Outfits and guides are also here procurable for those desiring to embark on big game hunting ventures beyond the confines of the Park. Riding is the most popular pastime, while for those who enjoy boating and canoeing, facilities for indulging in either pastime on Lac Beauvert are provided. A golf course is under consideration, and it is expected will be playable during a portion of the season. Tennis courts will also be available for the use of guests.

Guests will have the advantage of Canadian National Telegraph and Express facilities and daily mail service. A resident photographer will be attached to the staff and a curio shop with news-stand is also included. An orchestra will be provided for dancing. Picnic parties can arrange for basket lunches.

For convenience of tourists from United States, a Canada Customs office will be stationed at Jasper during the season to facilitate the clearance of tourists' baggage, etc., from United States points.

## For Sale

### Desirable Lots and Thirty Cottages

APPLY

**WEST CANADIAN COLLIERIES LIMITED**  
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

## COLEMAN GARAGE

DISTRIBUTORS McLAUGHLIN AND FORD CARS AND TRUCKS.

Complete line of best makes of Tires at lowest prices always in stock.

We sell Monogram and Red Indian high-grade Oils. Also a full line of all car accessories.

## Alex. M. Morrison

DISTRIBUTOR McLAUGHLIN AND FORD CARS FOR THE CROW'S NEST PASS.

TAKE

## Yellow Pennant Cars

FOR FRANK — BELLEVUE — HILLCREST — COLEMAN

From BLAIRMORE to FRANK, 25cts.  
From BLAIRMORE to BELLEVUE or HILLCREST, 75c.  
From BLAIRMORE to COLEMAN, 50c.  
Cars Running from 8 o'clock in the morning to 12 at night.

Parcels will be delivered to the business district of any of the above towns for a charge of 25 cents.

Cars stop at BLAIRMORE DRUG STORE, BELLEVUE INN, UNION HOTEL, HILLCREST and the COLEMAN CAFE.

## F. DUNKLEY

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

Fixtures and Appliances—  
HOT POINT IRONS AND VACUUM CLEANERS

—Estimates Submitted

Phone 285; Box 35. Blairmore

## Automobile For Sale

**MODEL K-45 McLAUGHLIN MASTER SIX SPECIAL**

Newly Overhauled and in first-class condition

May be seen at Morrison's Garage, Coleman.

Apply to Morrison's Garage, Coleman; or John Gekas, Hillcrest.

PRICE FOR CASH—\$1000.00.

J. M. Windsor, inspector of Union Bank branches, spent Tuesday at the local branch. During his stay he visited the Black Diamond oil fields and was greatly impressed with what he saw there.—Okotoks Review.

Twenty miles of railway extension in the north country will be built by the province this year, fifteen on the Grand Prairie line and thirteen on the Berwyn extension, northwest of Peace River.







## Brilliant Scenes At Royal Wedding In Westminster Abbey

London.—The Duke of York and Lady Elizabeth, bygone royal hands and hearts before the golden altar in Westminster Abbey while all Britain poured out its blessings.

The great edifice in Parliament Square, which enshrines within its hallowed walls the mortal remains of kings, queens, martyrs, saints and heroes, has been the scene of a thousand and national ceremonies of transcending interest, but it has witnessed few that surpassed the beauty and solemnity of this romantic event.

All the members of the Royal family and a brilliant array of foreign princes, nobles, ambassadors and military leaders, with their ladies, were there.

The entire service was conducted with the traditional precision of British royal events. Only when the bride was called upon by the Archbishop of Canterbury to repeat the solemn ritual, beginning: "I take thee to be my wedded husband," did her manner betoken any sign of nervousness. Her voice was scarcely audible to the vast congregation.

The bridegroom gave the impression of a man at happy ease. The venerable Dowager Queen Alexandra gave the royal ceremony a human touch by moving out of her place and bestowing kisses upon the members of the party as they came within the chancel.

Next to the bride and groom, Princess Mary and the Prince of Wales were the objects of the most attention. Wales appeared to be the calmest man in the Abbey, and he toyed with the plume of his three-cornered military hat during the entire ceremony. At one point Alexandra leaned toward him and whispered in his ear what some in the audience declared must have been good advice to a bachelor.

The bride, in the simplest and daintiest gown probably ever made for a royal marriage, moved slowly to the steps of the altar on the arm of her father, the Earl of Strathmore. She carried no bridal bouquet, having deposited it on the tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

She was joined soon afterwards by the bridegroom, who presented a striking figure in his blue uniform of the Royal Air Force, with the blue riband of the Garter across his shoulder and a golden sword at his side. The six bridesmaids, two of whom are soon to become brides themselves, stood behind the couple.

As the Duke and his bride joined hands, the sun, which had not revealed itself for several days, suddenly emerged from behind the mist, and its light, coming through the high vaulted windows of the Abbey, cast an effulgence upon the gallant Duke and his lovely bride and brought into bold relief the touches of gold, crimson and silver in the costumes of the brilliant assemblage of spectators.

The Duke looked tall and much taller than Lady Elizabeth, his erect muscular frame and the ruddy glow of his countenance contrasting strongly

with the delicate figure of his bride, whose robe of unrelieved white seemed to accentuate the paleness of her features.

After the Archbishop of Canterbury had recited the usual ritual, the Duke placed the ring on the fourth finger of his bride's left hand and in a resolute voice said: "With this ring I thee wed, with my body I thee worship, and with all my worldly goods I thee endow."

The Archbishop then offered prayer, pronounced the couple man and wife and proclaimed to the vast congregation: "These who God hath joined together let no man put asunder." He added his blessing, and the newly married pair advanced inside the sanctuary and knelt at the altar while the choir sang Wesley's chant.

The Archbishop of York delivered a brief address to the Duke and his bride, in which he said: "The warm generous heart of this people takes you today to itself; won't you, in response, take that heart, with all its joys and sorrows, into your own?" The service was concluded with a short prayer and benediction, and the congregation knelt in silent devotion. The royal couple then repaired to the chapel of Edward the Confessor, where they signed the marriage register.

## Shortage Of Farm Labor

Many Workers Required by Farmers in Western Provinces

Winnipeg.—With few men leaving British Columbia for farm work this spring, a widespread shortage in the supply of farm labor is reported from three prairie provinces.

Two thousand workers are required by the farmers of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, each province having 1,000 unfilled applications, while Alberta is also asking for outside assistance. The Regina, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon districts can place 500 at once, according to G. R. Tomsett, Saskatchewan Superintendent of the Employment Service of Canada, who discussed the situation here with the Dominion Western Superintendent, Major L. F. Howard. The pay offered in the applications from Regina, Moose Jaw and Saskatoon districts range from \$50 to \$55 per month, with the usual daily bonus being granted during harvest. Mr. Tomsett said other Saskatchewan districts want farm helpers at wages ranging from \$40 to \$45 per month, plus an hour's time, when the bonus will be paid.

## Executions In Ireland

Trillick, County Kerry.—Richard Hathaway, James McEary and John Greaney were executed here by the Free State authorities. Hathaway, who was a deserter from a British regiment in this country, was executed under a bill introduced in the recent session of a cave in which a band of druggers were holding out on the Kerry cliffs.

## Says Oriental Problem In Canada Calls For Rigid Immigration Laws

Ottawa.—The greatest ally of the Oriental in entering Canada has been the apathy of the easterner, who persistently has refrained from carefully studying the situation, and who has always looked on the appeals of the British Columbia as being of a political nature and not taken this whole matter very seriously, according to Hon. Dr. S. F. Tolmie, member for Victoria in the Federal House, and a member of the Meighen Government.

Dr. Tolmie, in an interview with the Canadian Press, went on to say that in spite of British Columbia legislation, backed to the limit by business organizations and various associations, the people of the coast province have been met in the east by "procrastinating politicians, who have failed to give us legislation that would properly meet the situation, and no single party is more to blame than the other in this particular respect." The result had been that they had seen "shortly legislation, half-way measures, jelly fishing for fear of hurting the feelings of the Orientals, until the Chinese question, once a very simple one, is now developed into an Oriental problem that is very difficult to meet."

"I want to say that this country and its representatives must wake up if we are to preserve Canada as a white man's country to be enjoyed by future generations."

Referring to a bill which is scheduled to come before the Commons at any time now, Dr. Tolmie said that "it proposes to leave wide open the entry of merchants into Canada."

"Anyone," he said, "familiar with the situation on the coast must know that we have too many Chinese merchants in this country now, and their competition is very keenly felt by those of our own race in the same line of business."

The clause covering merchants, he said, also will lead to a great deal of misrepresentation. "The expert" of immigration agents in the past clearly shows that no loopholes should be left."

"There is only one kind of law to pass, and that is a law which means total exclusion, with the exception of permitting trade under proper regulations," he declared.

Dr. Tolmie reiterated that the Asiatic is not a desirable settler, that he will not assimilate, and if Canadians are to compete with him they must entirely change their standard of living. He urges that Canada profit by the experience of the United States, where, he said, much more severe immigration laws were passed after many thousands of immigrants of a low type had gained access to that country.

W. N. O. 2470

## Alberta Liquor Vote Nov. 5

Opposing Forces Are Preparing for a Long Fight

Edmonton.—Alberta electors will decide on Monday, November 5, what form of liquor legislation shall be enacted in the province for the three years following.

Premier Greenfield and his colleagues in the Government decided on the above date as most advisable for the holding of the referendum which was authorized by the Legislature last week.

Although it was at first thought expedient to have the vote in July, Cabinet opinions changed during the last two or three days, and it was apparently felt judicious to hold off the balloting until after harvest and threshing in the province.

It is understood that both the prohibition and moderation forces were favorable to a prolonged campaign, rather than a short and strenuous one, as would have been inevitable had the vote been taken in July, only a short time after farmers usually finish with their seedling.

## Prospective Loan For Persia

U.S. Syndicate May Help Angora Government, Says Report

London.—The loan which a United States syndicate is reported to be considering for the Persian Government would, it made, take the place of that contemplated by Great Britain under the Anglo-Persian agreement which Persia failed to ratify two years ago, according to the diplomatic correspondent of the Daily Telegraph. The writer, who recently has been in Persia, learned of the prospective loan, and suggested that knowledge of these negotiations may have prompted the Turkish Nationalist Government to an immediate substantial advance from the Chinese syndicate. This request, the correspondent adds, possibly accounts for reported differences between members of the syndicate. The writer asserts that the Angora Government is in a bad financial position.

## An Excellent Fuel

Says Ontario People Fully Satisfied With Alberta Coal

Ottawa.—According to George R. Pratt, Fuel Engineer for Alberta, who is here supervising demonstrations of Alberta coal, the people of Ontario are fully satisfied that Alberta coal is an excellent fuel and would meet the requirements hitherto filled by American anthracite. "He declares individuals testing the coal have been very favorably. The difficulty at the present time was the delay of railway companies in reaching a decision as to freight rates. Speedy action was required, he said, if arrangements were to be made for shipments of coal during the summer months."

## Dr. Banting Made Research Professor

Toronto.—Dr. F. G. Banting, discoverer of insulin, is to be made a research professor at Toronto University under a bill introduced in the Legislature. The act is to be known as the Banting and Best Medical Research Act and calls for the annual payment of \$10,000 to the governors of the University of Toronto, who are to set it aside as the Banting and Best fund for the amelioration of the condition of persons suffering from diabetes.

## WESTERN EDITORS

W. Stone, Editor and Proprietor of The Star, Shovel Lake, Man.



W. Stone, Editor and Proprietor of The Star, Shovel Lake, Man.

## H. B. Road Again

Government Favors Thorough Investigation Into Feasibility of Route

Ottawa.—The western demand for completion of the Hudson Bay Railway was the principal theme before a recent caucus of the Liberal members, and the Government's policy towards the enterprise will likely be determined by the counsel given. The gist of it favors a thorough investigation into the feasibility of the route.

The proposed inquiry may be made under the direction of Sir Henry Thornton, this being the probable course. "It would embrace the cost of completing the railway, the question whether the contiguous territory would be productive, the cost of terminals at Port Nelson, operating conditions of navigation in the straits, and also the question whether or not high marine insurance rates would offset the advantages of a lowered cost of rail transport resulting from the shorter haul. There is no question that Parliamentary sentiment from the east is adverse to completion of the line, at least until its feasibility, in all respects, is fully demonstrated, while it is believed that western opinion strongly supporting the road will welcome an investigation."

## Sealing Vessels Are Fighting Ice Barrier

Newfoundland Authorities Endeavor To Send Relief To Needy People

St. John, Nfld.—Sealing vessels returning from the annual hunt, are being used to try to force the ice barrier on the south coast of Newfoundland and carry food to starving people of the shore settlements.

For months the icebound coast has barred efforts of the Newfoundland authorities to send relief to the needy folk. Conditions have been growing steadily worse and in some settlements food supplies have been completely exhausted. Vessels sent out from this port loaded with needed provisions have been caught and held in the ice.

## Earthquake Reported

Victoria.—An earthquake of moderate intensity with well-defined records on all instruments is reported from Gonzales observatory. The record continued for an hour. The distance is estimated at about one thousand miles from Victoria.



These four sturdy English boys are arriving in Canada on the Montclair to study western farming methods. In the Daily Mail correspondence conducted among all the young farmers of the British Isles they were advised by Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has given them the opportunity of visiting Canada and studying Canadian agriculture. They will spend the summer at the Agricultural College at Olds, Alberta, and return to their homes in the fall. Reading from right to left the lucky youths are: Leonard Grimmer, Clifford White, Gordon Salter and Joseph Murray.

## U. F. O. Decide To Go To The Country As A Solid Group

### Capture U.S. Fishing Vessel

Canadian Boat Fires on American Schooner When Order to Stop Is Ignored

Ottawa.—Details of the capture of the United States fishing schooner Sloop, of Seattle, were made public by the Marine Department. The statement says the fishery protection steamer Malaspina (Captain Newcombe), sighted the Sloop engaged in fishing within one mile of Solander Island, about a mile off the west coast of Vancouver Island, near Cape Cook.

When no attention was paid to the Malaspina's three whistles, the usual signal to stop, the Malaspina fired three blanks across the bow of the schooner. The latter continuing, two solid shots were fired, but still no acknowledgment was paid. The captain of the Malaspina then halted the captain of the schooner, requesting him to stop, but he declined. Two solid shots were then fired, but missed, after which the Malaspina ranged alongside and demanded that the schooner stop, warning the captain that if these instructions were not obeyed, the vessel would be sunk. The schooner insisted on paying no attention to this warning, consequently no alternative was left to the captain of the Malaspina but to fire a rifle volley at the pilot house, resulting in one of the crew being hit in the shoulder. The schooner then stopped, and the crew brought the wounded man on board the Malaspina. The schooner's boat then headed for the shore. The Malaspina lowered a boat at once and a line was put on board the schooner, when it was discovered that the crew had scuttled her before leaving.

Two weeks ago, in a speech at Milton, the Premier took up the challenge of the Farmers' Sun and refused to promise that he would not accept the support of either of the other parties, "believing in our record" after the election as a means of continuing the U.F.O. Government in power. What he practically refused to do two weeks ago the Premier has done now.

Hon. Manning Doherty was the mediator between the Premier and the organizations.

Toronto.—Within 24 hours after the decision of the Ontario Liberals to have no truck or trade with the Farmers' Government, Premier Doherty, at headquarters of the United Farmers' of Ontario, agreed that the Liberals laid down on April 14 by the Farmers' Sun, and smoked the pipe of peace with Secretary J. J. Morrison and members of the U.F.O. executive.

If the truce lasts long enough, the farmers will go to the country as a solid group. But there must be no "backsliding" either before or after the election, without the consent of the organization.

According to an official statement handed out from the U.F.O. offices after the conference, the Premier has pledged himself, in the event of the Government lacking a majority after the election, to call a conference of the elected members, the defeated candidates, and the executive of the United Farmers and affiliated organizations and be guided by the decision reached.

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## Must Make Offer to Paris

France Will Deal With Any Offered Settlement in Ruhr

London.—The prospect of Germany making a definite reparations offer, especially with reference to a settlement of the Ruhr situation, is widely discussed in the press. The view is generally taken that recent utterances of German statesmen and comments by German newspapers point to the likelihood that an important pronouncement on this subject will be forthcoming from Berlin in the near future. Opinions differ as to whether such a pronouncement would contain an outright offer in figures. It has been hinted here that Lord Curzon has suggested to Germany a sum which would be acceptable to the Allies, but the Times professes the ability to "convince" the Germans. The newspaper also gives utterances of Allied statesmen showing that any offer of settlement in the Ruhr must be made directly to Paris and not to London or elsewhere.

## Must Become Naturalized

U.S. Radio Company Issues Order to Canadian Employees

New York.—Sixty-six employees of the Radio Corporation of America, most of them Canadians by birth, will lose their positions, unless they become citizens of the United States. J. G. Harbord, President of the company, issued an order requiring all employees to take out naturalization papers. If they do not, he said, "they are at liberty to leave." The Radio Corporation was organized as the American Marconi Company, with most of its officers British or Canadian, since being taken over by U.S. capital, naturalization has been vigorously urged.

## Commission To Inquire Into Grain Trade May Consist Of Three Members

Ottawa.—The commission which is to inquire into the grain trade will be appointed very shortly, and it will be smaller in size than was originally planned. Representations have been made to the Government for the selection of a fairly large committee, representing all the interests in the grain producing and handling trades. This would have comprised about six members.

The Government has considered the matter and has come to the conclusion that a smaller commission is preferable. The commission is likely to consist of but three members and be divorced completely from the trades affected.

The chairman, it is believed, will come from Saskatchewan.

Toronto.—Hon. Manning Doherty, Minister of Agriculture, read to the

Legislature a telegram from the Minister of Trade and Commerce at Ottawa, stating what he was prepared to consider as the basis of the Cabinet as the basis and scope of the proposed Royal Commission inquiry into the grain trade. "The inquiry was to be into the grading and weighing, scoring and handling of grain in and out of country elevators, and in-country points and terminal elevators, either public or private, disposition of screenings and other questions incident to the selling and transportation of grain."

The words contained in the telegram from Ottawa, Mr. Doherty are to be placed as a preamble in his bill to provide for a grain inquiry, so that when the specific inquiry is over the powers granted in Mr. Doherty's bill shall lapse.



# ORPHEUM THEATRE

Friday, May 4  
LOIS WILSON WITH JACK MULHALL IN  
"Broad Daylight"

AND THE NINTH EPISODE OF "PERILS OF THE YUKON"

Saturday, May 5  
"What's Wrong  
With The Woman"

A magnificent production that all will applaud.

Monday, May 7  
ALICE CALHOUN IN  
"The Girl in His Room"

A Vitagraph Feature.

ALSO RUTH ROLAND IN

"The Timber Queen"

A wonderful lumber-camp story. AND LARRY SEMON in a sparkling comedy entitled "THE AGENT" (Madness from 3 to 6. Adult 25c. Child, 10c.)

Tuesday, May 8  
"Love's Boomerang"

Artists' Life and a Circus with ANN FOREST AND DAVID POWELL  
Also a screaming Educational Comedy.

Wednesday, May 9  
"MONTE CRISTO"

THE BIGGEST AND BEST EVER SEEN

The immortal tale of adventure, mystery and revenge as told in the combined story of Alex. Dumas' books, "Edmund Dantes" and "Monte Cristo."

A gold charm, picked up last week end, may be had at this office on identification by the owner.

Mr. Anderson, representing the John Martin Paper Co., of Calgary, was in town yesterday.

FOR SALE—Overland-Four Automobile, in good condition. Apply to R. Harrison, postoffice, Michel, B.C.

It costs no less than \$91.90 per pupil to operate the Lethbridge high school for a year.

FOR SALE—Five-room House, with basement. Also a good chicken house. Price \$800. Apply to 53 Cement Street, Blairmore.

Examinations under the Mines Act for third-class certificates will be held in Blairmore on Tuesday next, May the 8th.

Mrs. Charles Ponsort, who has been seriously ill, was moved from her home to the local hospital yesterday.

Constable Staley, of the Pincher Creek A.P.P. detachment, was in town on Tuesday assisting the local squad in preserving order.

Some scientists now declare that comets carry live germs. They further state that it is possible for these to travel from other worlds on the tail of comets.

P. Burns & Co., Limited, offer for Saturday, Dominion Link Sausage 22c per pound, Ideal Bolo at 15c. Weiners at 22c. Head Cheese at 18c. Cheese Loaf at 25c. Compressed Ham at 25c.

Local Oddfellows and Rebekahs observed the 104th anniversary of American Oddfellowship by holding an anniversary service and roll call in their hall on Thursday night last. There was a good attendance. A social evening followed, during which refreshments were served.

It is difficult to find the consistency in the provincial government's system of economy and fair wages. It has been discovered that some of the stenographers in the employ of governmental departments receive as low as \$220.00 per annum, while the head commissioner under the liquor act receives a nice little salary of six thousand dollars a year for what is little more than a soft job.

By a proclamation to be issued from Ottawa shortly, June 4th will this year be observed in Canada as the birthday of His Majesty King George the Fifth. June 3rd this year falls on Sunday and the proclamation provides for the following day being observed as a national holiday.

Complete line of Smoked and Cured Fish always on hand at right prices. P. Burns & Co., Ltd.

Blairmore and Hillcrest football teams will meet here on Saturday evening at 5.30. A good game is assured.

A golf ball leaves the club head at about 135 miles an hour, which is about as fast as a golfer leaves his office.

A. G. Browning, who for years has held the office of deputy to the attorney-general of Alberta, will resign, to take effect upon the return of the attorney-general from the east.

To say that the Scotch race are devoid of humor is a libel on the people. It was a Scotchman who told us the other day that "the only difference between a banana and a Scotchman was that you could skin a banana."

It is interesting to note that a Cowley correspondent reports that there is sufficient moisture in the land to start the germination. (German Nation). Well that's going some. Keep at it Cowley, you'll get 'em yet!

Unrivaled Products — Shamrock Hams, whole, 35c per lb. Shamrock Bacon, whole 45c per lb. Dominion Hams, whole 33c per lb. Dominion Bacon, whole, 42c per lb. Saturday only at P. Burns & Co., Ltd.

We have appointed a special committee to follow up recent purchasers of engagement rings, for which the auction sale the early part of the week afforded a splendid opportunity. That committee will report "progress" in our next issue.

The auction sale conducted at the jewelry store of S. Trono on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday by Mr. Stanley Thorne, of Calgary, was a huge success. The store on Tuesday night resembled somewhat a district that had been swept by a German army—nothing but the roots left.

A grand concert is to be given on Wednesday night next at the Hillcrest opera house by the new Hillcrest Amateur Orchestral Society. Additional talent includes: Mr. T. Johnson, baritone, of Coleman; Corporal Stevens, humorist, of Blairmore; Mrs. Pinder, soprano, of Hillcrest; Miss Cole, elocutionist, of Bellevue; Mr. Moser, of the Lethbridge Conservatory of Music, violinist; and Mrs. Aitham, of Hillcrest, pianist. The concert starts promptly at 8 o'clock.

LARGE 11-ROOM BOARDING HOUSE for rent. Has full equipped basement. Located south of track, opposite Cosmopolitan hotel. Apply to L. H. Putnam, barriester, Blairmore.

## Local and General Items

For funeral flowers phone 212, Crows' Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

Miss Henrietta Robbins is home from Calgary, where she has been attending normal school.

Monday was observed throughout the town as "Clean Up Day," and the improvement is easily noticeable.

There is no truth in the report that a well-known Frank citizen has been converted into a prohibition lecturer.

Work on the new court house is proceeding rapidly with a large gang of brick layers working on the walls now.

Steve Janostak has disposed of his grocery and meat business at Hillcrest, the new proprietors taking charge last week end.

Henry Zak, of the Union Meat Market, leaves on Saturday for his old home in Czechoslovakia and will be absent for a few months.

I only kissed her on the cheek; It seemed a simple frolic; But I was sick in bed a week— They called it painter's colic.

Contractor Pozzi is having his office beautifully renovated and when finished will be one of the neatest and best appointed in the district.

G. H. V. Buley, former lieutenant-governor of Alberta, has retired from the position of chairman of the Public Utilities commission on account of ill health.

Now that clean-up has been finished, special attention is being given to gardens and there is reason to believe that Blairmore will have a few prize winners this year.

British Columbia canners have arranged to send a large exhibit to France, to be displayed in the Canadian exhibition train which will tour that country this summer.

Jarrett Evans is down from Creston, looking over Blairmore for a bakery site. Jarrett has resided in Creston for a number of years, where he holds some interest in fruit lands and a bakery.

We are glad to announce that Mrs. L. H. Putnam, who last week sustained a broken leg at Lethbridge, is rapidly progressing and hopes in a few days to be able to return to Blairmore. Mrs. Putnam will be obliged to use crutches for a time.

Word reached here on Friday morning last of the death of Mrs. Goddard, which occurred at Vancouver on that morning at an early hour, following a prolonged illness. Mrs. Goddard had resided with her husband at the coast for several years prior to which they were residents of Blairmore. Besides her husband, she is survived by several sons and daughters, one daughter, Mrs. Bouthiller, and two sons, Fred and Wilfred, residing in Blairmore; daughter Nellie Wetmore, and a younger son residing in British Columbia. Interment took place at Vancouver on Sunday last.

The Ladies' Aid of the Union Church held their regular monthly meeting in the church on Wednesday afternoon with 41 present. A Mother's Day programme was given, consisting of solos and readings. Those taking part were: Mrs. A. M. Elliott, Mrs. D. A. Howe, Mrs. H. Bradley, Mrs. W. Howe, senior, Mrs. E. E. Upton and Mrs. C. A. Fraser. Rev. W. T. Young was also present and gave an interesting address. At the close of the meeting refreshments were served by Mrs. Allan Hamilton and Mrs. J. Angus McDonald.

Rev. E. H. Winfield, former grand chaplain of the I. O. O. F. Alherta Grand Lodge, has removed to Spokane, where he has accepted the pastorate of Hamilton Street Methodist Episcopal church.

### HILLCREST HAPPENINGS

(By Our Own Dear Felix)  
Sam Richards is having two rooms added to his residence here he gets pushed out.

Frank Pearson is making extensive alterations to his residence and garages are springing up over night like mushrooms.

John Mackie has moved from Peaceful Valley to Davies Street, in the house formerly occupied by Percy Salt.

Mrs. William Foster, of Peaceful Valley, has returned home from Cranbrook, after receiving medical attention. She is greatly improved in health.

The Hillcrest Amateur Orchestra, sixteen in number, will appear at Coleman on the 11th instant in conjunction with the Bellevue Stock Co. at the dramatic rendering of "The Poor Married Man." This is a performance well worth seeing.

A gang of men are engaged clearing the loose rocks and laying ashes which will greatly improve the road in Hillcrest. It is to be hoped that the opening of the road leading right through Old Passburg will soon materialize, which will be a boon to the residents of Hillcrest.

How's this for Hillcrest? Football, baseball, lawn tennis, basket ball and sometimes cricket. Also 55 motor cars, allotments, road fixing, the best bunch of lady fans in The Pass; no one moving out in spite of the slack work; two good fraternal orders, Masonic and Knights of Pythias; an amateur orchestra of seventeen pieces. Not so bad, eh, for a small place!

The splendid performance of the Hillcrest football team in going to Coleman on the 28th April and defeating that team 6 to 1 means that they are going to figure being thereabouts, and to make it better they are all home-brew boys. Coleman never had such a licking in their history. Of course, they blame it on trying new players. As the first league game at Hillcrest is with Coleman on the 19th, a bumper crowd is expected. Great credit is due to trainer Harry Fisher in the way he is handling the players. With him it's either produce the goods or drop off.

### THE PASS FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

(Frank Parker, 1908.)

October 1—The Rev. H. Haddon, Methodist missionary in charge of this field for the past two years, preached his farewell sermon to a large congregation on Sunday evening. Rev. Haddon goes to Toronto to pursue his theological studies. Rev. T. Taylor has been appointed to succeed Mr. Haddon.

Hillcrest is forging ahead these days. In addition to the recent opening of one of the finest hotels in the district, two stores will soon be ready for business. One is that of T. McLean, the other will be opened by Mrs. Rudd, of Bellevue.

One of the most wonderful discoveries of recent years is the process of installing vegetable substances. This is a discovery by Professor Delamonte, a noted French electro-chemist, who after fifteen years of arduous labor and at great cost, has perfected what scientists have labored for a hundred years to produce. One of the many novel purposes of this secret process is the metallizing of roses, in which live roses are actually turned entirely into metal and then finished in attractive colorings and mounted on glass pins.

A quarrel among Italians at Hillcrest on Friday last ended in the shooting

## Royal Household Flour

Another Car of ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR just in. Every sack guaranteed to give satisfaction.

### FEED OF ALL KINDS—

Cracked Corn, Whole Corn, Wheat, Scratch Feed, Chick Feed, Etc.

### FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLES FOR THE WEEK END—

Strawberries, Bananas, Oranges, Grape Fruit, Radishes, Green Onions, Cucumbers, Head and Leaf Lettuce and Asparagus.

Rhubarb, per pound ..... 10c

Grape Fruit, 2 for ..... 25c

Clareholm Creamery Butter, fresh made, 2 lbs 85c

## Scott's

Phone 222

Blairmore

## SMART APPAREL



If smart apparel appeals to you, if undoubted style and distinctive tailoring are an attraction, come in and be measured for one of our latest style creations in clothing for men of taste. You cannot help being satisfied with our tailoring. You can have no reason to be dissatisfied with our prices.

## J. E. UPTON.

Tailor to The People of The Crows' Nest Pass

Phone 85

Blairmore

### IT IS TRUE

FOR QUALITY, SERVICE AND PRICES

## MINERS' GROCERY

Is the Store to place your orders.

PHONE 79—Phone your order or we will call for it.

—REFRESHMENT HEADQUARTERS—

Our new Ice Cream Parlor is now ready for the summer season.

—BLAIRMORE ICE CREAM PARLOR—

## T. Pondelicek & Son

P.O. Box 188

BLAIRMORE

Phone 79

to death of two compatriots by one Angelo Mont. The dead are Antonio and Sam Cassanta, brothers. The murderer came direct to Frank and gave himself up to the police and has been committed for trial. The funeral of Cassanta brothers was held on Sunday, both being buried in Blairmore cemetery.

Five murders in a community the size of The Pass inside of one year is an unenviable reputation.

The Canadian Metal Company are now prepared to buy zinc ores and concentrates. Samples for testing purposes may be forwarded at any time to the Nelson office of the company.

Joseph Fursong has this week opened a branch barber shop at Coleman.

The Baptist society of Frank and Blairmore has decided to build a church at Blairmore and has procured a site in the Pelletier addition. It is hoped that \$2000 can be raised and an appeal is made to all to assist with contributions. Mr. Pelletier donates one lot and sells the other one if required at a reasonable figure. The building committee is composed of F.

M. Pinkney, J. J. Thomas, J. W. Gresham, A. McLean and J. Sargent, the pastor.

October 29—The difficulty over the title to the Blairmore cemetery, which during the present political campaign has been characterized as "The Blairmore Cemetery Scandal," has been settled to the satisfaction of residents. Joseph Little has transferred back to government, not only the four acres over which the dispute arose, but has thrown in fifty acres in addition for good measure. The documents conveying the land back to the government are in Ottawa and the government will now pass title on to the Village of Blairmore.

The new institutional church being built by the Methodist denomination at Bellevue will be completed and ready for occupancy by the end of next week. Rev. D. M. Harrison, of Lethbridge, will deliver the dedicatory address on Sunday, November the 1st.

The Rev. C. C. McLaurin, superintendent of Baptist missions for Alberta, visited The Pass on Wednesday to pass on the site selected for the proposed new church at Blairmore.